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THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

This journal enters upon the 83d year of an existence which has never been more vigorous, or rewarded by the confidence of the people with a more substantial support, than now. Always a leading newspaper of the Commonwealth, the present generation of the people, the third since the establishment of the GAZETTE in the last century, still regard it, as did their fathers, with unabated respect, and with an entire reliance upon its faithful exposition of the soundest principles of political and social economy. The Proprietors need only point to the unblemished record of this journal in the past, to pledge to their fellow-citizens the same fidelity to the highest considerations of duty for the future.

Our facilities, for obtaining the latest and most reliable news, increase daily. All recognize our devotion to those political principles which have recently achieved a fresh and most signal vindication before the tribunal of the people. The effective services of this journal in promoting this triumph are acknowledged by an universal assent.

The GAZETTE enjoys to-day an admitted influence in a wider field than ever before. It is no longer regarded as a mere local journal, but has acquired an interest, as a journal of the nation, which commands attention to its utterances abroad as well as at home. Its managers will aim to maintain and increase this influence by every just means. It will continue to be, as in the past, the only political journal in Allegheny county which will be accepted by the people, at home or abroad, as the faithful, steady, ever-true exponent of those Republican principles which one Administration and four successive Congresses have loyally and successfully interpreted, and which the American people have just now once more emphatically approved.

The close of a momentous political struggle, and the victorious situation to which that has brought us, will find the GAZETTE acting in harmony with the new Administration of the Government in its most important departments. We shall have access to the most reliable sources for early, accurate and abundant information, on all matters transpiring at the National and State Capitals, and will make the collection of such intelligence a leading specialty. Our special and regular daily reports from Washington and Harrisburg, particularly during the approaching sessions, will be early, minute, uninterrupted, and from the very highest sources.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

GREAT ARMY RE-UNION.

Separate Meetings of the Officers of the Different Western Armies—The Assemblage at the Crosby Opera House—Welcome Address by Lieut. Gen. Sherman—Orations by Generals of Each of the Armies.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 15.—Chicago is alive with soldiers to-day, and what is peculiar, all of them officers, ranging from the General of the Army to Second Lieutenants,—men bearing names that have become historic and will be handed down to future generations as inseperably connected with the life of the Republic. The hotels where are located the headquarters of the different armies are alive with excitement and enthusiasm. Around and in the hotels are great crowds of citizens desirous of paying their respects to the distinguished soldiers, or to catch a glimpse of the great leaders, Grant, Sherman, Thomas, Schofield, etc.

At an early hour in the day the different armies gathered at the various places named for the purpose of transacting the business connected with their organizations.

ARMY OF THE OHIO.

A meeting of the Army of the Ohio was held at the Briggs House, at nine o'clock this morning, Gen. J. D. Cox in the chair. The Chair stated that it had been proposed to meet and hear the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization and then adjourn, to meet at half past ten in Caledonian Hall.

Gen. Smith, from the Committee on Permanent Organization, then submitted the following list of officers: President, Major Gen. Jno. M. Schofield; Vice Presidents, Major Gen. Geo. Stoneman, New York; Major Gen. J. D. Cox, Ohio; Major Gen. U. S. Hascall, Indiana; Major Gen. Jos. E. Cooper, Tennessee; Major Gen. L. J. Henderson, Illinois; Major Gen. Geo. S. Hartsuff, Michigan; Col. W. E. Hobson, Kentucky; Col. Stewart, New Jersey; Col. Thomas, Minnesota; Major Gen. A. E. Burnside, Rhode Island; Recording Secretary, Major Gen. Julius White, Illinois; Corresponding Secretary, Col. J. A. Campbell, District of Columbia; Treasurer, Col. W. W. Wheeler, Illinois. The report was laid on the table until the regular meeting.

At twelve o'clock the Army of the Ohio met at Caledonian Hall, Gen. Cox in the chair. The nominations for officers as given above were unanimously confirmed.

General Schofield, President, then took the Chair, and General Grant, Lieutenant General Sherman, Major General Thomas, and all the staff officers connected with them, were made honorary members. The constitution and by laws were then adopted and the Society adjourned.

ARMY OF GEORGIA.

A meeting of the officers was held at the Sherman House this morning, for the purpose of organizing the Society of the Army of Georgia. General H. W. Slocum was appointed temporary Chairman, and Capt. Brown, Secretary.

A Committee appointed for the purpose reported the following gentlemen as permanent officers of the Society of the Army of Georgia: President, Maj. Gen. H. W. Slocum; Vice Presidents, Gens. Jeff. C. Davis, A. S. Williams, Mower, A. F. Ward, Bayard, Jackson, Carlin, Morgan, Casey and Wolcott; Corresponding Secretary, Capt. B. Taylor; Executive Committee, Gens. Robinson, Barnum and Mitchell, and Col. T. Jones; Treasurer, Gen. Whittlesey. Report adopted.

On motion of Gen. Barnum, the initiation fee was dispensed with and all honorably discharged officers of the Army of Georgia were declared eligible to membership on signing the roll. The meeting then adjourned to meet at nine o'clock to-morrow morning, when a constitution and by-laws for the government of the Association will be submitted.

ARMY OF TENNESSEE.

A business meeting of the Army of Tennessee was held this afternoon, in Crosby's Music Hall. In the absence of the President, Gen. John A. Rawlings, Vice President. Gen. Giles A. Smith took the chair. The Great Western Light Guard Band then discoursed some beautiful and appropriate music.

A Committee of seven was appointed by the Chair to nominate officers for the ensuing year. Gen. D. P. Greer, of Illinois, is Chairman of the Committee.

A Committee of ten, of which Gen. Leggett is chairman, was then appointed to designate a place for the next meeting.

Gen. S. A. Hurlbut, after prefacing with some eloquent and appropriate remarks, offered a resolution that a Committee be appointed of the Army of Tennessee to attend the inauguration of General Grant, the first commander of this army, as President of the United States on the 4th of March next, and tender fitting congratulations.

Gen. Rogers opposed the resolutions on the ground of its political bearing, and Gen. Hurlbut defended it, insisting that it contained nothing of a political nature.

Several amendments to the resolution were offered, that a congratulatory address be drawn up to General Grant, &c., but finally, on motion of Gov. Fletcher, of Missouri, the discussion of General Hurlbut's resolution was postponed until eleven o'clock to-morrow.

Gen. Greer offered a resolution, which was held over, that the Adjutant Generals, Quartermaster Generals, Commissary Generals, their assistants and all other staff officers of the Governors of the respective States during the war, be admitted to membership, and all the privileges of the organization, upon complying with the existing regulations.

On motion, a Committee was appointed to wait on Generals Grant, Sherman and Thomas and request them to meet the members of the rank and file of their old commands some time to-morrow.

The meeting then adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

The Armies of the Cumberland and Georgia held their joint meeting this afternoon at McVicker's Theatre. General Thomas presided, assisted by the Vice Presidents of the Society. General Thomas congratulated his comrades upon the happy auspices under which they gathered.

General Price, of the Committee on Memorials, asked further time to prepare his report, which was granted.

A Committee on Permanent Organization was then chosen, with Lieutenant Colonel Hunter Brooke, of Ohio, as its head.

Rev. J. T. Bristow, of Kentucky, was announced as Chaplain for the year.

General Gross, the Treasurer, made his report, showing the receipts of the Society to have been $1,865.75, and the expenditures $1,803.52; balance $62,23. This does not include receipts of to-day.

A Committee, appointed for the purpose, suggested the names of three places for the next meeting, Louisville, Indianapolis and Cleveland. A ballot was had with the following result: Indianapolis, 182 votes; Louisville, 136; Cleveland, 131. Indianapolis was declared the place.

Rev. Granville Moody offered a long preamble and resolutions, that, whereas, the National Lincoln Monument Association of the city of Washington has adopted a design for a monument prepared by Clark Mills, which, when completed, will be unequalled as a work of art, &c., &c.; and that, whereas, among the figures already selected from the army we are gratified to find Generals Grant, Sherman, Howard and Wadsworth; and whereas, the name of General George H. Thomas has been before that Board of Managers and will be adopted at the ensuing meeting; therefore, the Army of the Cumberland

Resolve, That we approve the important enterprise; that we have learned with pleasure that an equestrian figure of General Thomas will be placed by the side of the other heroes named, and that we pledge ourselves to co-operate most cheerfully with the Board of Managers in the furtherance and completion of the work.

The resolutions were received with great applause.

In this movement General Thomas was taken completely by surprise. He came forward, and with great emotion said he felt obliged for the flattering tribute, but he had done nothing but his duty, and he had tried to do that with all his heart. He earnestly desired that the Committee would lay the resolution on the table.

At this point Col. Loomis, one of the Vice Presidents, stepped forward and in a ringing voice put the resolutions. With one accord the entire assemblage rose to their feet and shouted a prolonged "aye" that fairly shook the building.

Gen. F. T. Sherman announced that he was authorized by Gen. Stager, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, to offer on behalf of that Company the free use of their lines for the official messages of the Society and the private use of the members to their families. Vote of thanks.

A Committee was appointed to nominate an orator for 1869.

After votes of thanks the Society adjourned until to-morrow morning.

CORPS MEETING.

A meeting of the Thirteenth Army Corps was held in the Circuit Court Hall this afternoon. Maj. Gen. John A. McClernand presided. The Constitution of the Society was read by Colonel Wilson, of Indiana. The annual fee for membership is one dollar. The organization includes all persons whoever reported to the Corps as a member, as well as the Generals to whom Gen. McClernand reported as his superior officers. A number of officers joined the Association, including Gen. C. C. Andrews, Gen. McClernand, Gen. Fisk, Gen. Ruggles and Gen. Lippincott. A committee was appointed to perfect the organization of the Corps and a badge adopted, which contains the monogram "13th A. C." The meeting then adjourned until to-morrow.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE—ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY LT. GEN. SHERMAN.

The Opera House was crowded this evening to its utmost with soldiers of the grand armies and our citizens. Major General George H. Thomas presided, and after music by the Great Western Band, and Drum Taps by Nevins, introduced Lieut. General Sherman, who made the welcome address, as follows:

Fellow-Soldiers: It is made my pleasing duty to address you this evening in words of welcome for the deeds that have been spread before you. From the city and from the country, from the town and the village, you have come together, the representatives of your grand volunteer armies, which responded to the country's call in her hour of danger and fought her battles, sometimes side by side and sometimes far apart, yet always in unison. [Cheers.] At her bidding you returned to your homes as farmers and as mechanics, as artizans and citizens, and after a short rest you have again assembled, as it were, upon a pinnacle to look back toward that vale wherein you struggled so long, to point out to each other the spots of greatest interest, and to live o'er again those hours and days and months of deepest anguish or of joy. I know that you have laid aside forever the feelings of animosity and anger which you may have entertained, and that you have dropped into oblivion the little jealousies and rivalries of the hour. You now stand here with hands extended in fraternal friendship, who have rather gloried in the right to defend the flag of your country on land and sea. You have fought for the Union of our fathers,—[cheers]—and the flag of our whole country. [Cheers.] No mere self-glorification now animates you, but a just pride in your own actions, and a deep, intense love of the comrades who stood by your side in the hour of deadly strife and shouted with you in the hour of victory. [Cheers.] Happily, my friends, you did not belong to that class of our people in whose hearts was planted from youth the pernicious doctrine of State power, and that the citizen should love a part of the country better than the whole. [Applause.] You were reared in a better school and taught to revere the Constitution of your whole country, and to love the wise and genial influences under which are assured the largest measure of security and happiness consistent with the safety of the whole. We believe that the will of the majority should rule. We believe that in this we have discovered a panacea for the ills that have from the earliest history of the world ravaged and afflicted the human family. But we were no exception to the general rule, that minorities will not always bow peaceably to the decision of the majority, and found that we must maintain the privileges of our birthright by force. You may search history in vain for a more flagrant violation of faith than that which resulted in our civil war. Never were a people more ruthlessly, more unwillingly dragged into a long and bloody conflict, and never was the country so utterly unprepared for the attempt. To prepare for danger was called cowardice, and the whole civilized world was taught to believe that the broad stripes on our flag were to be trailed in the dust, the stars sunk forever from view, and that our fair fabric of Union was broken up beyond recall. Our attempts to reason were laughed at. Our laws were derided to scorn. The public property was seized, and a war begun. Men wasted their eloquence in the vain attempt to avert this storm. Statesmen exhausted the last peaceful remedy. And not until this time was the last arbiter resorted to. The voluntary soldier then stepped forth into the field and offered his life and his service to defend and maintain the Government against all its enemies, and swore an oath that Rebellion and Anarchy should not rule this land of ours, but that Liberty, Justice and Law should be restored to their rightful throne. [Cheers.] He has kept his word, and you now behold the good Ship of State again full rigged and once more on her free course towards a glorious future. You know that our flag is still there. [Cheers,] Not a star has been lost, not a star dimmed. That same flag we have followed so often in the glare of a scorching sun, by the moon's pale beams, by the light of the blazing pine torch, now waves aleft in victory and peace. Shall I not, then, claim for you, who represent this ideal volunteer, the higher honor, yea, the highest honor that is conceded by mortal on earth. You can easily recall how long the war seemed to us in its progress; but how short, even now, looking back on it, after a period of a little more than three years. How inconceivably short, then, will it appear to those who a hundred years hence will grope through the pages of history to learn of the events and causes that led five millions of people to rebel when no single act of oppression or tyrany was ever alleged. We owe it to them, whilst still in the vigor of life and health, to record the parts we played in the grand drama of life, with the motives and feelings that actuated us through its various stages. Many a time and oft you have lain upon the bare ground, with no canopy above you but that of heaven with its hosts of glittering stars, and I know you have dreamed of a time to come, when seated in peace and security, surrounded by admiring friends, you would be crowned with a light such as now hangs over your heads. Accept this, then, as the fruition of your dreams, and enjoy the hour. [Cheers.]

Four of your comrades, one from each of the armies specially represented here, will address you on the deeds you have done. Give them a willing and attentive ear, and when you go back to your homes, tell them all that these armies, though dispersed in the flesh, yet live in the spirit as strong and enthusiastic as they were four years ago, when in the very death grapple with the enemies of our country and civilization.

And now, in the name of the Committee that have made these preparations, I extend to you all a cordial greeting—to the veteran of 1861, to the recruit of 1865, yea, to the convert of the very last hour of grace. In the name of the people of Chicago, who have provided the means, I bid you welcome and assure you that a seat awaits you at every fireside, and in the name of every patriot of the land I give you welcome, and tell you that the lightning's flash is not swift enough to satisfy their yearning hearts to know what is done here this night. The presence of the men about me, their high office, and the duties they have left to be with you here, all attest the interest and grandeur of the occasion, and in their names, too, comrades all, I bid you thrice welcome. [Tremendous applause.]

Song by the Glee Club, "America."

ARMY OF TENNESSEE—ADDRESS OF GEN. BELKNAP.

General Belknap spoke to his comrades of the Army of the Tennessee: It all seems like a dream. The insult to the flag; the President's call for troops; the great uprising of the people; the unfurling to the breeze from every mast and staff and spire of the North of the nation's emblem; the enthusiastic meetings of men to devise ways and means to strike a blow to save the nation; the prompt response of the young men of the land; the mustering of the armed hosts; the waving of handkerchiefs; the hand shaking; the kissing at parting; the first battles in the West; the eager demand for men; the victory of Fort Donelson; the field of Shiloh; the opening of the Mississippi; the siege of Vicksburg; the flankings, and, finally, the surrender of the rebel armies; the joy of that hour turned to grief by the death of the nation's chief; the final march to Washington; the grand review at the nation's Capitol; the mustsr out. All of those events were passed in review by the speaker.

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND—ADDRESS OF GENERAL CROFT.

General Charles Croft then delivered an oration of over an hour's length on the Army of the Cumberland His discourse was principally devoted to the consideration of the following topics: 1st. The prominent characteristics of the rebellion; 2d. the origin of the Army of the Cumberland and its exploits in the great struggle for the life of the Republic; 3d. its peculiarities as a distinct army in the field; 4th. The teachings of the war. He briefly alluded to the long chain of causes, stretching through more than a generation, which had estranged the North and South. It was not any single cause which brought abont the war, but a combination of many. The most noteworthy of the causes was the persistent effort made by the South so to shape federal legislation as to foster and extend the institution of African slavery, and to establish certain dogmas known as the doctrine of State rights. This rebellion, stripped of all political and other surroundings, was an effort on the part of eleven States of the Union by force of arms to throw off the Federal Government and establish a Confederation which should perpetuate the barbarisms of African slavery and perpetuate the political heresy of State rights. It was a fratricidal war. The hand of brother was arrayed against brother and father against son. It was a war of sentiment. The South was fighting for a cherished set of social and political ideas which had been instilled from the cradle upwards. The North, at the start, contended for the integrity of our Government, but as the contest deepened the freedom of the negro assumed a prominent position, and before the war closed this became a ruling sentiment.

The Army of the Cumberland had its origin as follows: The germ of the army of the Cumberland consisted of that portion of the Federal soldiery first organized at Louisville, Kentucky, in the summer of 1861, by Gen. Robert Anderson. The bulk of these original troops were western volunteers, chiefly from the States of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. Gen. Anderson was succeeded in command by Gen. W. T. Sherman, and he by Gen. Buell, who was in his turn succeeded by Gen. Rosecrans, and finally General George H. Thomas became its leader. Gen. Croft minutely detailed the operations of the Army of the Cumberland from the beginning to the close of its exertions.

ARMY OF THE OHIO—ADDRESS OF GEN. COX.

Gen. J. D. Cox spoke for the Army of the Ohio. Although he was here as the representative of the Army of the Ohio, he would speak only briefly of what related to that organization, and hasten to the inquiry, How an Army Society may be made to produce some desirable results? By throwing light on the history of the war, or by a thorough and scientific criticism of its events? The Army of the Ohio, which last bore that name, was organized in the summer of 1863 and consisted at that time of the Ninth and Twenty-third corps and a cavalry corps, besides garrisons of troops in various parts of the Department. Its regiments came from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky and East Tennessee, and during the first year of its new organization had the benefit of the systematic discipline of General Hartsuff. After a brief period it passed under the control of General Stoneman, and finally, just before the opening of the spring of 1864, the present Secretary of War, General Schofield, became its permanent commander.

General Cox then traced the fighting history of this army of Ohio from its inauguration to its close. His oration was more than an hour in length.

ARMY OF GEORGIA—SPEECH OF GENERAL COGGSWELL.

General Coggswell spoke for the Army of Georgia. The following is the opening paragraph: More than three years and a half have now passed since we laid down our arms and were finally disbanded. Since turning from the arts of war we took up the better arts of peace, and although now neither wars nor rumors of war disturb us, but peace rather is everywhere assured, the old flag, more than ever now the emblem of true nationality, liberty and valor, floats under every sky respected and unassailed, yet are we, the former members of Sherman's armies, once more assembled at the call of our commanders. But it is to meet as citizens, quietly and in peace, in a loyal city, with no clank of the sabre, no sound of the musket, no sound of the artillery, no wagons blocking up the roads, and with neither war nor panoply of war. We meet not, because we are soldiers, but because here and at this time we want to revive the associations of our past, to recall to memory the experiences of the camp, the bivouac and the field, to strengthen those friendships, which are friendships only known to those who have fought by each other's side, and which are not broken by every breeze that blows. We meet to refresh our memory of those deeds which go to make up the brilliant record of our countrymen in arms on so many fields of battle. In fine, we meet, to bring again to mind that communion of exposure, of hardship, of daring, of pleasure and of pain, of glory and of victory, which has already made us, present and absent, brothers forever more.

Gen. Cogswell then detailed the "March to the Sea," in which this army bore a conspicuous part. This was followed by "Retreat" by the Band and "Taps" by the Drum Corps, and the audience dispersed.

THE INDIANS.

Gen. Harney's Account of His Superintendence—Statement of Gen. Sully.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—General Harney arrived here last evening from the Upper Missouri River, where he has been superintending the location of the Indians upon reservations. Gen. Harney's headquarters were at Peoria Bottom, about fifteen miles below Fort Sully. The different tribes have been settled on separate reservations, as follows: First, at the mouth of Whetstone creek, thirty miles above Fort Randall, are established a portion of Brutes and Ogallallas from Fort Laramie and the Platte. Among these are the French half-breeds, Bordeaux, Carey Bissoute and Charley Garreau. The Indians here number two thousand five hundred. About one hundred buildings were erected this season, including the Agency building, a saw mill and school house. Some two hundred acres of cotton land have been broken up, and seed corn, wheat, peas and beans had been procured for sowing in the spring. This is supplied with provisions enough to last until the first of May next. The Indians seemed to be contented, enjoying their dance and keeping a drum going all night.

The next reservation is called the Cheyenne reservation, and is located ten miles below the mouth of the Big Cheyenne river. The tribes settled here are the two Kettles, Sacs, Ares, Minecoryous, and a portion of the lower Yanktons, numbering in all about two thousand. The number in spring will amount in all, at this point, to six thousand three hundred. Agency buildings, a steam saw mill, store house, physicians' residence, besides other buildings, have been erected, and working cattle and farming utensils have been purchased. Lieut. Ladley was left in charge of this settlement.

The next point established by Gen. Harney is at Grand River, one hundred miles below Fort Rice, where portions of the Upper Yanktons, Uncapphas, Cutheads, Blackfeet and Sioux, numbering forty-five hundred, have been assembled. The balance of the above tribes are out hunting buffalo near the Black Hills, it being desirable to keep them out on account of the prospect of a lack of provisions should they all come in, which would swell the total number at this point to eleven thousand.

Some of the Yunktons were permitted to make a temporary settlement on the east side of the river, outside the reservation, Gen. Harney taking the responsibility of allowing them to stay for the present. A saw mill and other buildings have been erected on this reservation.

Spotted Tail was at the forks of the White river with Swift Bear, Standing Elk and Big Mouth, all noted Indian celebrities recently from the North Platte. Some of the Brute war parties were with them. They said they were hunting buffalo on the Republican and got into a fight. Spotted Tail lost nearly all his horses, they being worn out and the General gave him a supply of stock to begin life with again.

A reservation will be established at this point for the Brutes, and it is in contemplation to open another at Moreau, forty miles below Grand river, for the Blackfeet Sioux, who are at present drawing supplies from Grand river. Although it was late in the season when operations were commenced, 9,000 Indians have been induced to settle on the reservations, and fed and comfortably housed, with the elements of civilization placed within their reach.

General Harney will visit Washington before returning to the Sioux country, with a view of obtaining from Congress a ratification of the Sioux treaty made at Fort Rice last July, and to await the adoption of such legislation as will enable them to carry out the work so auspiciously begun. An additional appropriation is needed. The General has the utmost confidence in the plan now inaugurated on the Sioux reservation. He says the greatest fear that fills the mind of the Indian is starvation. Feed him and he will be content.

An Ellsworth, Kansas, letter of the 10th inst. says: General Sully arrived at Fort Harker, from General Sheridan's camp, below Fort Dodge, a few days ago. The General thinks that with the exception of some roving bands of young braves, who still continue to infest the roads and attack small parties, the hostile Indians have taken refuge in the Camanche country on and near the staked plains. Here the campaign will be conducted this winter, but General Sully thinks it will be impossible to end this war this winter, on account of the character and extent of the country in which the savages have taken refuge, and that it will be transferred in the spring to the country north of the Arkansas river and along the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad. General Sully does not know precisely what are Gen. Sheridan's plans, but thinks he is returning northward by way of Forts Arbuckle and Gibson.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 16, 1868.

NICKEL REDEMPTION.

A bill has been proposed, which will be probably be introduced in Congress in a day or two, which will provide for the redemption of the present nickel coinage at the office of the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer of the United States, its place to be supplied by a new series of small coin in circulation.

COPPER TARIFF BILL.

The Senate Committee have postponed action on the House tariff bill to allow the opposing interests to be heard.

FROM EUROPE.

The Insurgents at Cadiz Surrendered—Great Distress Among the Poor—Reactionary Movement Spreading Throughout Spain—The English Parliament—Queen Victoria's Speech—Pardon of Fenians Asked—War Speck in Turkey.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

CADIZ, *Sunday Afternoon*, December 13, via Xeres, Sunday night.—The Insurgents surrendered their arms to the American Consul, who, according to arrangements previously made, turned them over to the military authorities. From eight to nine thousand troops and nine war vessels were ready to attack at noon. All is quiet now. The flag carried by the Insurgents was tricolor. Over thirty thousand persons have left the city. There is great distress among the poor who remain, and among those who fled to the adjacent towns. All foreign Consuls and their families, except the Swedish and American, have left the city. There are thirty-seven barricades in Cadiz. The American Consul's house was filled with refugees, women and children.

General Deroda entered Cadiz at two o'clock this afternoon, with all his troops. The Insurgents seem satisfied with the result. Their feelings are in favor of a Republic. There were five hundred persons killed and wounded on both sides during the week. The United States steamer Swatara arrived yesterday. Heavy rains prevailed lately, causing interruption to telegraphic communication, and adding greatly to the suffering of the refugees. No arrests have been made, nor any contemplated. The Government promises to act magnanimously. Distinguished honors were paid to the American flag during the insurrection.

MADRID, December 14.—Notwithstanding the surrender of Cadiz by the insurgents, there is a reactionary movement spreading throughout Spain. Disturbances are prevalent in many places. The National Guard was called out yesterday to prevent the workmen from rising. Families continue to leave Madrid in fear of coming troubles. The poor are in a fearful condition and business is paralyzed.

The Governor of Tarragona telegraphed the Carlists were fomenting agitations in the environs of Mont Blanc; that associations formed have branches all over the country, and Marquis Viluna is President of the organization. It is ostensibly formed for the protection and unity of Catholicism, but is really established for the propagation of absolute principles, preparatory to a rising in favor of Don Carlos.

It is stated that the peaceful termination of the insurrection in Cadiz had been effected owing to the good offices of American Consul Farrel.

MADRID, December 15.—Political affairs are still unsettled throughout the country, and great distress is experienced among the poor here. Trade is almost at a stand still. Several journals here have been prosecuted by the Government for favoring the Cadiz insurrection. General Dulce went to Cadiz to embark for Havana. Duke Montpensier has returned to Lisbon, finding that the Cadiz insurrection was not in his favor, but in the interest of the Democrats.

LONDON, December 14.—Advices from the Western coast of Africa report that the Spanish inhabitants of Fernando Po were holding a great jubilee over the downfall of the Spanish Bourbons.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 15.—The members of the House of Commons attended at the bar of the House of Lords to-day, when a brief speech from the Queen was read by the Royal Commission. It is as follows:

"Since the time when her Majesty deemed it right to call you together for the consideration of many grave and important matters, several vacancies have occurred in the House of Commons, owing to the acceptance of office from the Crown by members of that House. It is, therefore, Her Majesty's pleasure that an opportunity may be given to issue writs for supplying the vacancies so occasioned, and that after a suitable recess you may proceed to the consideration of such matters as will then be laid before you."

At the conclusion of the reading the Commons withdrew to their chamber. The House of Lords then adjourned to meet on the 11th of February, and the House of Commons also adjourned to meet on the 29th of December.

Writs have been issued for the elections to fill vacant seats.

John Bright has issued an address to his constituents in Birmingham, preliminary to his re-election. He says: "I have accepted office in Mr. Gladstone's administration, and must obtain your sanction. I trust the confidence you have so long placed in me will not be withdrawn."

Baxter, member of Commons for Montrose, has been appointed Secretary to the Admiralty.

The new Ministry have decided to recall Earl Mayo from India and retain Sir John Lawrence as Viceroy for one year, at the expiration of which the Marquis of Salisbury will be appointed to that post.

Memorials to the Queen, asking for the release of fenians imprisoned in various parts of the kingdom, were circulated and extensively signed at all the Catholic churches on Sunday last.

TURKEY.

VIENNA, December 14.—In compliance with the demands of the Turkish ultimatum, the Greek government is requested to disband its volunteer corps, and to forbid Grecian officials from participating in the Cretan insurrection, and also to permit families of insurgents to return to Crete. Greece refuses those demands and looks upon them as offensive. The Turkish minister is preparing to depart from Athens.

VIENNA, December 15.—The semi-official correspondence of this city has the following special despatch: "*Constantinople, Monday Night*—The Greek Minister and several of the Greek residents here have left Constantinople."

The same paper publishes a despatch from Athens stating the Turkish Minister has left that city and the people made enthusiastic demonstrations before the American, English, Prussian and Russian embassees.

MARINE NEWS.

SOUUTHAMPTON, December 15.—The steamship Union from New York arrived to-day.

QUEENSTOWN, December 15.—Arrived, the steamer City of Washington, from New York.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 15.—Consols 92¾ for money, and 92⅝a92¼ account. Five-twenties quiet and steady at 74½. Stocks quiet. Erie 27; Illinois 96.

FRANKFORT, December 15.—Bonds 78¾.

PARIS, December 15.—Bourse dull at 70f.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SMOKE IN WINTER.

The sluggish smoke curls up from some deep dell,
The stiffened air exploring in the dawn,
And making slow acquaintance with the day,
Delaying now upon its heavenward course,
In wreathed lotterings dallying with itself
With as uncertain purpose and slow deed
As its half-awakened master by the hearth,
Whose mind, still slumbering, and sluggish thoughts
Have not yet swept into the onward current
Of the new day;—and now it streams afar,
The while the chopper goes with step direct,
And mind intent to wield the early axe.

First in the early dawn he sends abroad
His early scout, his emissary, smoke,
The earliest, latest pilgrim from his roof,
To feel the frosty air, inform the day;
And, while he crouches still beside the hearth,
Nor musters courage to unbar the door,
It has gone down the glen with the light wind,
And o'er the plain unfurled its venturous wreath,
Draped the tree tops, loitered upon the hill,
And warmed the pinions of the early bird;
And now, perchance, high in the crispy air,
Has caught sight of the day o'er the earth's edge,
And greets his master's eye at his low door,
As some refulgent cloud in the upper sky.

THOREAU.

EPHEMERIS.

—In Paris negroes and whites are considered just as good as each other.

—A tunnel under the Delaware river is the present idea in Philadelphia.

—A convention of Colored Methodist Bishops is to be held in Philadelphia.

—The neck of the Empress Eugenie is said to be wrinkled. Important, if true.

—Camilla Urso is playing her fiddle in Cincinnati, where Fanny Janauscheck is acting.

—The few Indians in Florida are going to move to the neighborhood of Lake Okeechobee.

—A New England paper thinks all the ater financial schemes are more specie-ous than sound.

—Mazzini's health is in so critical a condition that his physicians have no hope of his recovery.

—Victor Hugo, who reads English books with great pleasure, can neither speak nor write the language.

—Charles Dickens has received $8,000 or his share of the profits of the performance of L'Abime in Paris.

—Fanny Janauschedk is in Cincinnati again. Last year she was overwhelmed with ovations in that city,

—Slippers are in and high boots out in Paris. We hope this fashion will founder on its way across the Atlantic.

—Two of our German cotemporaries are publishing as their *feuilleton* the same story, *Gleich und Gleich*, by Melchior Mey.

—Cincinnati has two skating rinks, at one of which Mr. E. T. Goodrich, who calls himself champion skater of America, is gyrating.

—Barley is so scarce that people are importing it from Europe. One firm in Cincinnati received 2,500 bushels from Bavaria last week.

—Princeton has a negro student, and the white students feel scandalized. Perhaps they fear that he will get Mr. Jerome's prize from them.

—A New York correspondent, unwilling to be kind and unable to be gallant, speaks of Maggie Mitchell as the "Venerable American Soubrette."

—Several boys in the neighborhood of Cincinnati have velocipedes, on which they are, as yet, but indifferent performers, but promise to improve.

—Le Follet tells its lady readers that "all you have to do is to wear a very high or very smooth head-dress, and you are decidedly fashionable."

—The Drummer Boy is being produced in Cincinnati, and extra trains are run on several of the railroads for the accommodation of country throngs.

—A Canada woman cut off her baby's head because she differed with her husband as to the manner in which the child should be educated when it arrived at the age of twelve.

—Bismarck has two sons who are studying diplomacy and one daughter who is practicing it. She is about to marry a wealthy and influential nobleman of South Germany.

—A man at the whipping post in Delaware got twenty additional lashes for making faces at the Sheriff. He was in pain and couldn't help it, but the sheriff is a suspicious brother.

—Swiss papers will get themselves into trouble if they are not careful. They have been asserting that there is nothing more or less the matter with Bismarck than *delirium tremens*.

—The Bible is about the only thing not subjected to the inconveniences which followed the confusion of the tower of Babel. The Book is printed in 200 different languages and dialects.

—Drummers and sample traders were somewhat alarmed in Baltimore last Friday by the arrest of two of their number from New York for trading without licenses. They were each released on one thousand dollars bail.

—The January number of the *Galaxy* is the best and most varied American popular magazine we have seen, we do not think there is an article in this number which is not above mediocrity. No periodical in the country advances more constantly than this one, and the publishers should be proud of their success.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* thinks opposition to their short-span bridges comes with bad grace from Pittsburgh, where the bridges are of unusually short-span. As Pittsburgh is at the head of heavy navigation on the Ohio, and no large boats pass under her bridges. We can hardly think that the point in the Cincinnati paper is well taken, and, besides, our bridges were all built so long ago, that we have had time to discover any shortcomings in them and have generosity enough to give our neighbors the benefit of our long experience.

—On Monday night of last week a man in Chicago, slightly under the influence of liquor, went into an open freight car, laden with flour, to escape the fury of a snow storm. Scarcely had he gained this refuge when some employé, unaware of the unbilled addition to the freight, closed and locked the door. Four days afterwards, on Friday night, a noise was heard proceeding from this car, which had reached Zanesville, and the unfortunate prisoner was discovered and released, with his limbs badly frozen and his strength starved out of him. He had been unable previously to make himself heard during his long journey.

—Here are some Boston *Bulletinisms*; they appeared as special telegrams:

A rise in Erie was reported on Wall street to-day—it turned out to be the people in Erie, Pa., who rise about 7 A. M.

The President complains that Congress had not the good manners to listen to his Message. Congress replies that evil communications corrupt good manners.

It is rumored that Bonner will have a hand in the new Cabinet—some Ledger-demain about this.

Secretary Welles intends writing the history of the American Navy, with a sea-quill.

The pork butchers have refused to supply the Emperor's table—they assert that he could not be kept in Ham.

A copy of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* is reported to have been seized in Paris, after an American had perused it, on complaint that it was a *read* Republican.

The Emperor looks careworn and his hair is turning gray. He did not *dye*, as reported.

The fire in the Sultan's seralgio created great alarm among the ladies—it was a *harem-scare-em* affair.

Turkey continues to *se-crete* her trouble and desires to gobble more of Greece than she is able.

INDUSTRIAL.

—Fifteen cents a piece are paid for rat skins in Minnesota.

—A large new carriage factory is being built at Portsmouth, N. H.

—Forty-four vessels from foreign ports arrived in Boston last week.

—A shoe manufactory is the latest addition to the industrial establishments of Corinth.

—There are several large flouring mills within three miles of Garden City, Minnesota.

—Eight hundred and ten steamboats arrived at St. Paul during the season just closed.

—Up to the 20th of August the exports of tea from China and Japan had reached 84,500,000 pounds.

—Fifty-eight million feet of lumber have been manufactured in Clinton, Iowa, during the last year.

—One million three hundred thousand tons of coal have been shipped this year from Cumberland, Maryland.

—The long-shore ship painters of New York work nine hours a day all the year round for $3,50 daily wages.

—The Woonsocket (R. I.) Rubber Company employs 120 hands and consumes 1,500 pounds of rubber per month.

—Eight thousand buildings, besides twenty-five churches, is what Chicago has done in the building way during 1868.

—Next spring a puddling mill is to be added to the already extensive works of the Rolling Mill Company at Rome, N. Y.

—The fur market has opened in Minnesota, and hunters who have already come in report an unusually successful season.

—A gentleman of Pittsfield, N. H., has offered to give the site for a shoe factory to anybody who will build one in that place.

—One firm at Three Rivers, Michigan, has, during the past season, turned 1,250,000 feet of lumber into sashes, doors and blinds.

—In the Northern part of Wisconsin the saw mills have shut down for the winter, and most of the hands have gone off lumbering.

—Cleveland, Ohio, firms have sold enormous quantities of coal oil within a few weeks. One firm disposed of 9,000 barrels, in a single lot.

—The receipts of oats at Chicago for nine months of this year, up to October 1st, foot up 11,000,000 bushels, which is equal to the entire receipts last year.

—Lewistown, Maine, is one of the most prosperous places in the State, and is getting to be an important business centre, doing no inconsiderable wholesale business with interior buyers.

—The New York Bricklayers' Union wanted to agree that after January 1st, 1869, the rate of pay should be $4,00 per day, but Union No. 4 stuck out for $4,50, and so the resolution dropped.

—A car recently left Boston laden with salt for a firm in Salt Lake City, to which place it is to go through without change of bulk, a distance of two thousand three hundred and ninety-eight miles.

—It is reported that there were never so many vessels in the port of Providence, R. I., as at the present time. About two hundred are now there, most of them loaded with coal and waiting to discharge.

—Abaline, Kansas, is the entrepôt for Texas cattle brought into the Western States. Within the last six months about one hundred thousand head of these cattle have arrived there and been shipped East by the Union Pacific Railroad.

—The locomotive business, at Patterson, New Jersey, is reported to be very brisk, and business bids fair to be good all winter. It is stated that all the locomotive works in the country are employing full sets of hands and are working full time.

—A process of chemically coloring metals has been invented by A. G. Schiller. The coloring is beautiful and permanent, and can be applied to all metals. The process will be extensively used for coloring eyelets, which can be done at the rate of 100,000 in 15 minutes.

—According to the Ellsworth (Maine) *American* the average annual production there is 35,000,000 feet of long lumber; 200,000 sugar box shooks; 200,000 laths; 500,000 shingles; 200,000 clapboards, and a large quantity of smaller stuff. Value of annual production estimated at from $700,000 to $950,000.

—The National Bricklayers' Union will hold a Convention in Washington, D. C., on January 11, 1869, to deliberate on questions of interest to the entire trade throughout the United States. It is stated that there are about 10,000 bricklayers organized in unions throughout the country. The Convention, it is expected, will adopt measures to prevent strikes hereafter.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $5,

AT DR. SCOTT'S,

278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. no9:d&T

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Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

AND LAMP GOODS.

Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

BENZINE, &c.

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GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA,

NEW STYLES,

DINNER SETS, TEA SETS,

GIFT CUPS,

SMOKING SETS,

A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

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PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS;

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

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SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND SEWING MACHINE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.

Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

CHAS. C. BALSLEY,

Agent for Western Pennsylvania.

Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. 05d

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(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

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A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

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And Solicitor of Patents.

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MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed. BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n88

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500 BUSHELS

PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,

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ROMAN SILK BOWS.

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WATCH STANDS AND CIGAR CASES,

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The finest and cheapest assortment of

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LADIES' & GENTS UNDERWEAR,

LADIES FINE KNIT OPERA HOODS,

The New Striped Felt Skirt.

WOOLEN GOODS at Cost.

Fine Embroidered Slipper Patterns. Beautiful Embroidered Cushions.

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THE NEW SKIRT,

"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE," "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
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THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.

RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.

ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.

SATINS, all shades and widths.

FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.

The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.

We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Rouillon) KID GLOVES" over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.

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A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

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Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of

EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS, LACE GOODS, HOSIERY,

Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,

and Notions generally.

A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

de8 NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.

BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.

REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.

TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.

All our HATS at one-half regular prices.

All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.

GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5,00.

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No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

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CRACKER BAKERIES.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS

ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS

OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

OYSTER, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR, SODA, CREAM, SCOTCH and LEMON BISCUITS.

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Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done the neatest manner. mh2:u3

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EXTRA HEAVY

Barred Flannel,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

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IN GOOD STYLES.

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WHOLESALE

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AT EASTERN PRICES,

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CLOSING OUT SALE OF

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.,

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CONTINUED.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

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REDUCED to close out before taking stock.

Now is time to get useful HOLIDAY PRESENTS cheap.

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LADIES' CLOAKINGS—Large assortment.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOS.
IRISH POPLIN—$1.00 per yard.
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Full stock of DRESS GOODS, at Lowest Eastern Prices.

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M'CALLUM BROTHERS,

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CARPETS.

TREMENDOUS REDUCTION

For Cash,

UNTIL WE TAKE STOCK.

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CARPETS,

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We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

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DECEMBER 1868.

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY.

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LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

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M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

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OUR REGULAR DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE is now fully inaugurated, at prices that secure BETTER BARGAINS THAN EVER BEFORE, in

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OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

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Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.

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WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

H. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,

No. 5 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

ap8:1y

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, December 15, 1868.

There is no commodity in this market that presents the same inducement or, perhaps temptation, to persons inclined to speculate, that oil does, and there are but few, outside of the trade, who have the slightest conception of the number and magnitude of the operations of this character that are of almost daily occurrence. It is very common for men engaged in other avocations, when their particular branch of business becomes a little dull, and who, perhaps, have some capital lying idle, to take, what is commonly termed a "fly" in oil, most generally buying for future delivery. As a matter of course, these speculative movements sometimes afford the speculator a very handsome profit, but more frequently the scale turns the wrong way. It is all very well for men, possessed of ample means, and who can give their whole time and attention, but for men who are engaged in other branches of trade, requiring their time, and who can illy afford to meet with loss of this kind outside of their legitimate business, it is, to say the least, not very prudent. The oil business is characterized by a good many "short-turns," which sometimes overcome the shrewdest operators, and particularly has this been the case during the past few months. Instances are by no means rare, where men have been "bulls" one day and "bears" the next. They will tell you one day that the demand is constantly increasing, the production diminishing, and that prices are bound to go higher. Subsequently, the same parties—having unloaded in the meantime—have discovered that they were mistaken, and that instead of an advance a decline is inevitable. Europe is full of oil—have enough on hand to run them half the next year; the production is increasing, stocks at all the leading points accumulating, and, more important still, there will be a good crop of rape-seed.

The Titusville *Herald*, of Monday, gives the situation as follows: The cause of the large advance, and of improved prices for future delivery is mainly attributable to speculation. The markets have been under the control of a combination at New York during nearly, if not quite, all the month, and it is supposed that during the next ten days an effort will be made to "corner" sellers for next months' delivery at New York. When the combination entered the market during last month, the stocks of refined in the country were low, several of the principal refineries had closed their works, and the stocks of crude were much reduced. Since the bull operations began the stocks, generally speaking, have undergone but little change; but one of the effects of the advance in prices was to start up, there refineries which had been stopped, but with this exception the present condition of the trade favors bull operations as much as it did then.

CRUDE.

There is a continued fair demand for Crude, and the reported sales continue large, while prices are unchanged. The offerings, however, still keep pace with the demand, and buyers appear to be getting all they want at quotations. Sales of 5,000 barrels, seller's option, 1869, at 12½c; 340 bbls, on spot, at 12½c; 5,000 April to December, seller's option, at 12½; also, a put of 2,500 bbls, all next year, seller's option, at 12c, and five hundred dollars, and 5,000, all next year, same option, at 12c, and one thousand dollars. Thus, it will be seen, that 12½c is still the leading price for spot, December, or all next year, seller's option. Buyers option, all 1869, 15½ to 16c.

REFINED.

So far as we could learn, there was not a single operation in Refined, at least there were none reported. The market was somewhat firmer late in the day, spot oil being held at 30½, against offers to sell in the forenoon at 29, and sales last evening at 29½. January to June is still quoted at 31½, the last sale reported being at that figure, Last evening there were sales of 500 bbls spot at 30½; 500 do do at 30; and 1,000 at 29½.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 102 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 369 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bros., 100 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kenew & Co., 50 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Ref. Co., 376 do do to Tack Bro., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 50 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 137 bbls benzole to Warden Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined	1047
" Benzole	137

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Warden & Batchelder, 60 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 170 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

A. D. Miller, 111 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 107 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined	448

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Cotton a shade lower; 2,300 bales at 25a25¼ for middling uplands. Flour receipts 6,002 barrels, 1,547 bags; less active scarce and firm; 2,200 barrels at $5,95a6,35 for superfine; state western 7a7,55; extra state 6,85a8,10; extra western 8,50a10,00; white wheat extra 7,10a9,50; R. H. O. 7,75a 9,00; ex. St Louis 10a12,50; good choice do. closing quiet. California quiet, 240 sacks at 6,50a9,50 *via* Horn 10,50a11,50; *via* Isthmus. Rye flour quiet, 200 barrels at 6,75a 8,50. Corn meal quiet, 400 barrels western at 5,50. Whiskey quiet, 50 barrels western at 1,03; free receipts wheat at 1,25. Wheat, dull, without decided change; 23,500 bushels at 1,58a1,60, No. 2 spring; 2,15 for white Michigan and 2,22a2,25 for white Calafornia. Rye quiet, sales 6,000; western 1,50a1,55; Canada 1,55. Barley dull and heavy; sales 800 English; to arrive 2,25. Barley malt dull; receipts Corn 17,077 bushels. Corn more active and 2a3c for new, shade easier for old; sales of 92,000 bushels at $1,09a1,12 for unsound, $1,12¼a1,13 for sound mixed western in store, $1,14½a1,16 do. afloat, latter price for choice, yellow $1,16a1,13, new and old white southern $1,03a1,05. Oats —receipts of 514 bushels. Oats a shade firmer and quiet; sales of 38,000 bushels at 77a78¼c for western store, do. afloat. Rice firmer at 8a8¾c for Carolina. Coffe quiet. Sugar quiet and firm; sales of 310 hhds of Porto Rico at 11¾a12c, 40 barrels of New Orleans at 9¾a10c and 200 boxes of Havana as 10¼. Molasses dull; sales of 500 barrels of New Orleans at 70a77c. Petroleum firm at 18¼c for crude, 32½c for refined bonded. Hops quiet and steady. Linseed Oil firm. Spirits Turpentine nominally uachanged. Pork firmer and in moderate demand; sales of 900 barrels at $26 for new mess, $25,25 for old do. $19,50a21 for prime, $22,50a26 for prime mess, also sales of 500 barrels of new, sellers for January, at $26; 1,000 bbls do., sellers for February, at $26,50. Beef steady; sales 50 tierces at $26a30 for prime mess; $30a34 for India mess. Beef hams quiet; sales 125 bbls at $30a32. Cut meats quiet; sales 165 pkgs at 10a11¼c for shoulders; 12a15½c for hams. Middles quiet and steady; sales 40 bxs short ribbed at 14½c. Lard a shade firmer; sales 865 tierces at 15¾ a16¾c for steam; 16¾a17c for kettle rendered; also, 1,500 tierces steam, sellers for December, at 16¼a16½c; 1,000 tierces do, sellers for January, at 16½c. Butter steady at 25a38c for Ohio; 40a50c for State. Cheese in good demand at 14a19c. Freights to Liverpool easier; engagements per steamer of 30,500 bu corn at 6a6½d; 7,500 bu wheat at 6d., and 1,000 bbls flour at 3s.

Latest—Flour closed quiet and a shade easier. Wheat dull and heavy for spring; firm for winter. Rye steady at $1,50 for western. Oats quiet and steady at 77c in store and 79c afloat, for western. Corn: the market is in buyers favor at $1,12a1,13 for old western mixed, in store; $1,14a1,15 afloat; $1,03a1,04 for new mixed western. Pork firm at $26 for new mess; sales of 500 bbls mess, February, $26,50. Beef steady and in moderate demand. Cut meats are quiet and firm. Bacon dull and without decided change. Lard firm at 16⅝a16¼c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 39c for fresh.

NEW YORK, December 15.—Dry Goods—The market for staple cottons is firm, with a fair demand, especially for unbleached and bleached grades of low and medium muslins and calicoes. The Stark A heavy sheeting and a few other makes which have recently been selling at relatively low rates, have been closed out, and advanced ¼c per yard. The Stark now commands 15c. Standard styles of dark prints are in demand at 12a12½c, and although agents hold these goods above jobbers prices, it is too late in the season to establish an advance. Colored Cottons are in limited demand and prices firm. Heavy Woolens are moving more freely at a slight concession in the price of fancy goods. Fine fabrics are in limited request and are held with more confidence.

CHICAGO, December 15.—Eastern Exchange dull at ¼ off buying, and par selling. Flour quiet; spring extras $5,25a7,75. Wheat moderately active and one cent lower; sales No 1 at $1,22½a1,25, and No 2 at $1,16a1,17, closing weak, at $1,16 for No 2; since change $1,15¾ asked, and $1,15½ offered for No 2. Corn quiet: new and kiln dried 1½a2c lower; old No 1 nominal at 80c; sales new at 50a52c; kiln dried 55a58c, closing dull for new; nothing doing this afternoon. Oats quiet at 47¼a48c, closing dull at 47c. Rye in fair demand and 2a2½c higher; sales No 1 at $1,18a1,19, and No 2 at $1,16¾a1,17½, closing at $1,18½a1,19 for No 1. Barley dull, weak and 4a5c lower; sales No 2 at $1,62a1,67, closing weak at inside. Highwines steady, firm and quiet at 94c. Provisions firmer and moderately active. Mess Pork $24a24,50. Lard 15¼a15½c. Sweet pickled hams 13½c; short rib middles loose 12a12½c; dry salted shoulders 8½a9c. Dressed Hogs active and steady at $9,75. Receipts—9,744 bbls flour, 25,612 bush wheat, 45,445 bush corn, 32,348 bush oats, 5,511 bush rye, 3,210 bush barley. Shipments—10,863 bbls flour, 8,416 bush wheat, 38,908 bush corn, 5,724 bush oats, 3,360 bush barley.

Cattle moderately active and steady for the best and easy for lower grades; sales at $7a7,25 for common, $7,40a7,95 for fair to good, $8a8,25 for extra; receipts of 18,252 head; shipments 7,748 head. Beef Cattle quiet; sales at $3,75a4,40 for cows, $5a5,25 for light steers, and $9a10 for extra choice.

CINCINNATI, December 15.—Flour steady; family $7,50a8. Wheat firm; No. 1 red $1,80. Corn and Oats unchanged and quiet. Rye firm at $1,40. Cotton firm at 23½c for middling. Whisky dull at 96a97c. Hogs active and all sold, at $8,40a8,75 gross, and $10,25a10,75 net; receipts, 9,000 head. Mess Pork held firmly at $26; buyers offer $25,75 for January. Bulk meats ¼c higher; shoulders four weeks in salt sold at 10¼, loose clear rib sides at 13¼, and clear at 14¼, loose and fully cured. No bacon in market. Sugar cured hams 17c packed. Lard advanced ¾ and sold at 16¼c on spot, and 500 tierces, seller January, at 17c. Green meats firmer; shoulders 9c, sides 12c and hams 13½a13¾. The market continues excited and holders are offering to sell sparingly. Butter firm at 36a40c. Eggs 33c and supply better. Linseed oil firm at $1, but the demand is light. Lard oil $1,38 a1,40, and in good demand. Gold 135 buying. Exchange a shade firmer at 1-10 discount buying. Money market unchanged.

Beef cattle firm and in good demand, at $4,62a4,65 for common to prime, $5,50a7,25 for extra. Christmas beeves at 10a10¼ per cental gross. Sheep firm at full rates; common $3a4, and extra $4,50a6,00.

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton unchanged, at 22½c for middling. Flour firm and low grades higher and wanted; superfine sold at $5,50a8,50; extra at $6,75a7,25; double extra $7,50a8,00 treble extra to fancy $9,00a 11,25. Wheat languid and unchanged, at $1,65a2,02 for prime to choice red and white. Corn firm but slow at 76a80c. Oats firm and unchanged at 45a50c. Barley unchanged. Rye very firm at $1,28a1,30. Whisky firm at 94c. Pork firmer at $22,50 a26,00. Bulk Meats higher in a jobbing way; Dry Salted Shoulders 10¾a10¾c; Clear Rib Sides 14c; Clear Sides 12a14c. Bacon nominal, at 14¼c for shoulders; 16¾c for clear rib sides, and 17c clear sides. Sugar Cured Hams 16¾c. Lard higher, at 15¾a16c for tierce and 16¼a17c for keg. Receipts—Flour, 2,100 bbls; wheat, 1,500 bush; corn, none; oats, 700 bush; barley, 500 bush; hogs, 7,580 head.

Hogs; drovers are more anxious to sell; the prices range at $7,50a8,60. Cattle unchanged, at 2½a6¼c for full range.

LOUISVILLE, December 15.—Tobacco; sales were made of 52 hogsheads; the market is stiff, at 5¼a6¾c for new common lugs, and 13¼c for medium leaf. Hogs are held at $9, gross. Mess Pork; sales were made at $26,50. Lard, in tierces, is held at 16¼c for kettle rendered. Cotton is held at 22½c for New Orleans. Sugar; fair to prime, 12a12¾c. Plantation Molasses, 65a 67c. Flour; superfine, $5,25a5,75. Wheat is held at $1,70a1,90. Corn is held at 60c in bulk. Rye is held at $1,40. Oats is held at 57a58c. Bulk meats; shoulders are selling at 10¼c; clear ribbed sides, 14c, and clear sides at 14¼c for packed. Whisky is held at 98c for raw, free.

CLEVELAND, December 15.—Flour market steady and unchanged, with city made at $11,25a11,50; treble extra white at $9,75a 10; double extra amber at $8,50a8,75; double extra red winter at $7,75a8; double extra spring, country made, at $8,50a8,75; double extra red and amber at $8a8,25; do. spring at $10a10,50. Wheat held at $1,95 for No. 1 red winter; No. 2 do. at $1,75a1,77. Corn held at 80c for No. 1 shelled. Oats—sales 1 car at 61½c, and also 1 car at 62c. Rye—sales 1 car at $1,38. Petroleum active, with western and southern demand; refined held at 28a28½c, and in small lots at 28a30c.

PHILADELPHIA, December 15.—Flour dull and steady, Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin family $7,56a8,25, Ohio $9a10,50 Wheat dull, prime red $2a2,05, amber $2,10 a2,15. Rye steady at $1,60a1,65. Corn dull; sales of 4,000 bushels of damp and dry new yellow at 95ca$1, old do. at $1,20. Oats in active demand at 77a80c. Petroleum unsettled and lower; sales of 1,000 barrels of refined at 29½c, crude nominal at 22c. Provisions dull. Whisky at $1,01a1,04.

MILWAUKEE, December 15.—Flour dull and lower; choice Minnesota, $6,75a7; choice Wisconsin and Iowa, $6a6,62. Wheat lower, at $1,22 for No. 1, and $1,14 for No. 2. Oats steady, at 47½c for No. 2. Corn quiet at 75c for No. 2, old. Rye nominally unchanged. Barley firm, at $1,56 for No. 2. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 41,000 bus wheat, 3,000 bus oats, 4,000 bus corn, 3,000 bus rye, 300 bus barley. Shipments—5,000 bbls flour, 1,000 bus wheat.

ALBANY, December 14.—The Cattle market opened to-day with a moderate demand and at an advance of ¼c on last stock, and a decline of ¼a¾c on the poorest quality; sales are reported of 1,200 head at 4½a5¾c for inferior; 6a7c for common to ordinary; 7¼c for good to fair; and premium Christmas stock brought 10¾a13c. Sheep sell rapidly at 3½a8c, being an advance of ½a ¾c. Hogs are steady at 8¾a9¼c.

TOLEDO, December 15.—Flour is quiet. Wheat quiet; winter 5c lower and spring heavy, with sales of amber at $1,84a1,86. Corn—old steady and new 1c lower; old No. 1 86c, and new 67c. Oats steady; No. 1 60c. Barley quiet. Seeds—Clover 10c better, at $7,90a7,94; Flax $2,25. Dressed Hogs —buyers are holding off for lower prices; small sales at $9,25a9,75.

BALTIMORE, December 15.—Flour inactive and unchanged. Wheat dull; receipts small; market steady and without decided change, closing heavy; white, 95a95c. Oats firm at 75c. Rye firm at $1,40a1,50; New York State, $1,70. Mess Pork firm at $26,75a27,00. Bacon quiet and firm; rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 17¼a17½c; shoulders, 14c; hams, 18c. Lard more active at 16½c.

MEMPHIS, December 15.—Cotton quiet and firm, stock light, and prices nominally unchanged; receipts, 1,266 bales; exports, 1,697 bales. Flour; low grades firm at $6a 7,00. Corn dull at 69a70c. Oats, 68a70c. Hay, $20a22. Bran, 24a25c. Corn Meal, $4. Pork, $26a26,50. Lard, 16a17c. Bacon nominal; shoulders, 14c; clear sides, 18c; bulk shoulders, 10¼c; clear sides, 14½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, December 15.—24 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 car middlings, Keil & Ritchart; 400 bbls flour, owner; 200 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car wheat, J Edgar; 3 do rye, Thos Moore & Son; 1 do middlings, H Conrad; 1 do do, Bricker & Co; 3 do barley, 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 100 do do, Shomaker & Langenheim; 2 cars millfeed, Shipton & Wallace; 1 do wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 3 cars barley, J M Carson & Co; 3 do do, Pier Dannals & Co; 3 do rye, W J Meek; 17 kgs apple butter, H Rea Jr; 5 pkgs butter, A L Connor; 1 car barley, Spencer & McKay; 1 car rye, 50 sacks oats, D Wallace; 1 car corn, S Hood; 1 car staves, Heber & Bro; 44 bxs cheese, M Cornwall; 30 boxes starch, Head & Metzgar; 50 do do, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 25 do cheese, Atwell, Lee & Co; 10 bales hops, D Lutz; 52 sks rags, Frazier & Metzgar; 14 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 39 dozen brooms, W M Gormly; 25 bbls oil, Johnston & Payne; 10 bxs candles, Thomas & Bro; 15 bbls eggs, W H Graff & Co; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 do corn, Bricker & Co; 5 bbls oil, W B Hays & Son; 6 do do, 10 bxs candles, W Millar; 6 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & Co; 1 car ear corn, McHenry & Hood; 200 sks oats, 122 do feed, Dean & Patterson.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, December 15.—4 cars iron ore, Zug & Co; 1 car rye, James Graham; 12 boxes scales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co; lot furniture, J Myer & Son; 3 cases handles, Whitmore, Wolf, Duff & Co; 3 cases lye, 7 bxs, Pennsylvania Salt Company; 72 sacks wheat, 49 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 4 sacks cornmeal, Hagan & McCarty; 1 sack do, Benham & Christy; 3 casks, 1 bbl cider, D W Turner; 3 kegs sausage, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 14 chimney tops, H Collins; 1 bundle bed bottoms, Thomas Adams, 1 bbl tallow, H Rea Jr; 5 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 3 bbls beans, 1 do nuts, 1 bx butter, Morrison & Devol; 58 empty oil bbls, Thos Musgrave; 15 sacks meal, F G Craighead; 4 bbls dry apples, 7 sacks rags, 1 bbl, 1 hf bbl eggs, 1 bbl beans, 1 do butter, 2 bbls, 1 sack appies, Head & Metzgar.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD December 15.—13 bxs mdse, Wm Semple; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 4 boxes butter, 4 bbls eggs, Jos Hilty; 18 pkgs sundries, J C Cuddy; 2 rolls leather, M Delange; 1 car metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 43 sks oats, J & W Fairley; 43 sks rye, 27 do barley, Scott & Gisal; 16 sks wool, S Bradley; 3 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 9 sks buckwheat flour, 4 pkgs butter, W B Ross & Son; 11 sks buckwheat flour, J S Dilworth & Co; 15 do do, T C Jenkins; 16 do do, 3 do beans, 9 do rye, H Rea, Jr; 24 bush rye, Chas Feitsel; 240 bbls oil, D M Edgerton; 240 do do, Pool & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, December 15.—1 car lumber, Taggart & Wilson; 1 tc hams, Mercer & Robinson; 2 cars iron ore, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 1 car lumber, Mr. Mahan; 100 green hides, A J Groetzinger; 1 car stone, Forrester & Megraw; 1 car staves, J M Hemphill; 10 doz brooms, S Schloeper & Son; 1 car wheat, M Weil & Co; 1 car empty bbls, John Dyer, Jr.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, December 15.—118 bdls iron, 12 kegs nails, F H Oliphant; 10 sks flour, 1 keg butter, J Howard; 1 bx chesnuts, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 21 bbls flour, Gay & Welsh; 3 cars metal, J Moorhead; 10 bbls whisky, Geo Head; 23 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 5 do do Seibert & Berg.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

PHALON & SON, New York.

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BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wiz Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. au28:p2s

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses Incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my13:q8oT

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BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS

FOR THE MILLION.

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SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkable low prices. Goods of every variety. The finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and ankle shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no28

LUMBER.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER.

ALEXANDER PATTERSON.

Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE

1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1¼ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
300,000 feet Dry 1¼ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash,
5,000 feet Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple
30,000 feet Dry 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 15-inch Shingles, sawed;
80,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, former Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. no12

COLGATE & CO.'S

FRAGRANT

TOILET SOAPS,

Are prepared by skilled workmen, from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. de27:WF

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Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, Arches, Grates, Fenders, Sash Weights, and all kinds of Hollow Ware, Car Wheels and all kinds of Machinery Castings, COR. WATSON & SHINGISS STS., PITTSBURGH, PA. au26:v27w4s

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.

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For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world. Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia. e2:v57-MWF&F

SODA ASH—100 tons choice brands in store and for sale by no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

RIVER NEWS.

The river rose several inches at this point during Monday, night which is said to have been caused by a gorge in the Ohio near Shoustown. The weather has moderated somewhat although it is still cold, the thermoneter at four P. M. being down to 30 degrees above zero. The ice in the Allegheny is not so heavy, and is more scattered, which would indicate that it is closed at the same point above.

Navigation continnes suspended to lower ports, and, as a consequence there is little or nothing doing at the landing.

The following boats are in port: New York, Ingomar, Grey Eagle, Glendale, Camelia, Lorena, Sallie, Armenia, Maggie Hays, Savanna, Yorktown, and Mary Davage.

The Wauanita was expectsd to arrive at Cincinnati on Monday.

—The Alaska, going through the canal, broke her wheel badly.

—The Westmoreland left New Orleans, for Cincinnati, on Saturday.

—The Glasgow, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was at Louisville on Sunday.

—The Leonidas, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was at Louisville on Sunday.

—The Bellevernon, Pittsburgh to New Orleans, was at Memphis on Sunday.

—The ferryboat at Fort Shelling was swept away by floating ice on the 8th.

—Captain Charles Beers now commands the Lady Withaup, from Memphis to White river.

—Captain George Vandergrift's towboat Jim Watson passed up from Aurora Saturday morning with two barges of hay for Pittsburgh.

—A barge containing 1,500 brls salt ran afoul of the coal fleet moored at Pumpkin Patch, Saturday morning, and sunk. It was from Kanawha river.

—The towboat Fearless and thirteen barges, are laid up opposite Ironton, Ohio. The Mary Alice and Ajax, Pittsburgh to New Orleans, were at Cairo on Sunday.

—It is reported that there was no insurance on the freight burned at Columbus, Ky., a few days since, the freight having arrived by river and insured by river risks only.

—The towboat Boaz swamped two of her loaded coal barges, at the foot of the canal, on Saturday, while getting them together to start for New Orleans. One of them sunk.

—The Dubuque *Times*, of the 10th, says: A telegram just received from St. Louis says the White Collar Line has sent Superintendent Wellington to Cincinnati to put two more new boats under contract. These, added to three already under contract, will add five new boats to the Company's fleet next spring. With this addition, there will be ten first-class side-wheel "floaters" in the line, besides the present array of smaller steam crafts.

—An insurance suit has been pending in the Circuit Court at St. Louis, involving $280,000. It seems that some time ago the firm of Henning & Woodruff entered into a contract with the United States Insurance Company for the insurance of a heavy shipment of cotton, in which Hudson E. Bridge and others were concerned. One steamboat load of the cotton thus insured was destroyed by the burning of the boat. Nonsuit was granted—a victory for the insurance company.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, December 15.—The river is falling fast, with six feet nine inches in the canal. The weather is clesr and cold.

STEAMBOATS.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.

FOR CINCINNATI,

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG AND NEW ORLEANS.—The

MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES,

JAMES SHEDDEN, Commander,

Will leave as above on

THIS DAY, December 16th.

Shippers should bear in mind that the DAVAGE will positively go through without re-shipping.

de4 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

PITTSBURGH,

WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,

SAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE..... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by

se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR NASHVILLE, DIRECT—The steamer

CAMELIA.....Capt. THOS. POE.

Will leave on

THIS DAY, DECEMBER 16th.

for Evansville, Clarksville and Nashville.

For freight or passage apply on board or to.

CHRIEST & HASLETT, JOHN FLACK.

de4 Or, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

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WM. B. NEEPER,

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SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

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All Kinds of Country Produce

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WATT, LANG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,

Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:n55

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M. STEELE & SON,

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AND DEALERS IN

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ap13:x59

KORT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. ja17:r87

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

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JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja11:r85

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, Dec. 4th, 1868.

SEWER ASSESSMENT—Notice is hereby given to all property holders in the WESTERN SEWERAGE DISTRICT, which embraces all that portion or the city area, lying northwest of the following lines, viz: North of Ohio lane and Walnut street and West of Bidwell street, and a line running North-east to Observatory hill and city line, as well as the portion lying between Western avenue, Ohio lane, Fulton and Bidwell streets (comprehending the larger part of Manchester and all the Pleasant Valley section) that the assessment for the construction of the Sedgwick street sewer is now completed, and placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection. All property heretofore assessed for sewerage purposes within the limits above designated is exempt from present assessment.

de5:a97 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, December 8th, 1868.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving

LONG ALLEY,

from Lewis alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Also,

SPRING ALLEY,

from Morris to Rush street, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until DECEMBER 18, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

de8 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, December 10th, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessments for Grading and Paving SPRING GARDEN AVENUE, from Chestnut street to Tanner street; also the Grading of ALLEGHENY AVENUE from Western avenue to Ridge street are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY December 18th, 1868, when they will be returned to the Street Commissioner for collection.

de11:b21 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINE

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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				—and one to Agent.	

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1868.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Ephemeris, Industrial Items. Third and Sixth Pages: Commercial, Mercantile and Financial, River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Interesting New York Letter, Miscellany.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 135⅜.

NEW YORK LETTER.—On our seventh page will be found a spicy and interesting letter from our regular correspondent, F. D. RAMALEY, Esq.

MR. MOORHEAD'S Tariff Bill was yesterday considered by the House in Committee of the Whole, but was not disposed of. Several amendments were offered which may delay its passage.

THE nomination of Collector SMYTHE, of New York, for the Russian Mission, is understood to signify certain new and remarkable combinations, by Mr. JOHNSON, in order to provide for his friends at home as well as abroad. The Senate owes it to the country to dislocate these combinations in the most effectual way.

THE LOSS OF LIVES by the recent steamboat murder on the Ohio is already known to have reached a total of eighty-five. Adding for unknown victims, it is thought that fully one hundred persons must have perished. The responsibility for this shocking disaster seems to settle more and more clearly upon the respective commanders and pilots, who are held to be equally guilty of a criminal dereliction of duty.

GENERAL HARNEY reports that a marked success has thus far attended his enforcement of the reservation policy upon a considerable number of the Indian tribes. This veteran officer has enjoyed perhaps a larger experience with the red men than has been known by any other man in military service, and this gives great value to his opinion, that the reservation system, if faithfully adhered to, is the best which can be devised, to meet a question which has heretofore proved so embarrassing.

THE re-union of the Soldiers and Sailors of the Army of the Union now being held at Chicago presents a grand national spectacle and one which should fill the heart of every true American with enthusiastic pride. The men who bore the brunt of battle give fresh encouragement to the nation, in their abiding patriotism and love of country, and, though now enjoying the repose of peace, they are willing, if need be, to again undergo the hardships of war to preserve and protect the government and Union.

THE *Post* assails our modesty after this fashion:

"Good men are always astonished at corruption, and we venture to propose, by way of illustrating our position, that the editor of the *Gazette*, who is a gentleman of culture, who has fairly earned a prominent position in journalism, who is as convincing upon the stump as he it upon the stool with three legs, which the sybils of old made memorable by their oracular outgivings, should declare himself a candidate for United States Senator, a position for which he is better fitted than any man yet named by the Republican party, and ascertain for himself how much merit weighed in the scales with money, (legal tender) and then look around, perhaps for the first time, to ascertain the cost of the office. We advise the editor of the *Gazette* to estimate men as they are, not as they ought to be, and make up his mind that it is not only a wicked world, but that it will require double the amount to be elected United States Senator that it did to buy a corner lot for the *Gazette* printing office."

In reply, we call the attention of our contemporary to the fact that a gentleman who had the same idea which it entertains of the potency of money in a Senatorial contest, announced some months ago, that "as the Senatorship was up at auction, and as he had money, he had as good a right to bid as any other man." He became a candidate for that high position; but soon finding that money would not carry him through, he prudently backed out. In view of this recent case, which completely undermines the positions taken by the *Post*, we submit that an experiment on our part, in the same direction, is superfluous. He who is not instructed by the late failure, would not be enlightened by a fresh one.

Besides, we have gone so far through life, doing our full share of political work, but never asking promotion at the hands of our associates. We cannot bring ourselves to change our settled policy even to gratify the curiosity of a political opponent whose magnanimous estimate of our qualities puts us under very high obligations.

THE SUPREME COURT.

A bill is before the Senate to increase the number of Justices to fifteen, including the Chief, and dividing the Republic into fourteen Circuits. The bill does not, however, provide for a corresponding increase of Judicial services on these Circuits. That increase becomes desirable, in view of the rapid expansion of the business of the Federal Courts. State lines are practically growing fainter every day; important litigations are now almost always found to involve parties from different States, and the preference for Federal over State Courts becomes, and for good reasons, daily more manifest. The jurisdiction of the former steadily widens, and their business enlarges, so that already the profession and the country recognize the need for an extended Judicial service.

The especial feature of the new bill (introduced by Senator WILSON) is that which assigns to the Chief Justice and seven of the Associates, *to be annually chosen by lot*, the holding of a General Term, or a Court *in banc*, at the Capitol, the other seven Associates transacting all the Circuit business of that year. The object to be gained by this provision is palpably this—that the tribunal of final appeal shall be effectively redeemed from the present public suspicion that its members, as heretofore constituted, are too completely isolated from any sympathy with the advancing sentiment of the age. Composing a close corporation and holding office by the life tenure, the country has been forced by events to regard the Supreme bench as the last sanctuary of exploded policies and superannuated, effete ideas, reactionary rather than progresstve, and in fact, entirely outside of the public confidence. So far, the WILSON bill is well devised to infuse into the Court fresh blood from the popular veins, and to maintain it hereafter in a closer responsible relation to the New Republic.

HALF-WAY WISDOM.

The bill, of Gov. MORTON, providing for a specie resumption, which we yesterday printed in full, will be altogether superfluous, in the event of a decision by the Supreme Court adverse to the legal-tender acts. If the Court sustains these acts, the bill in question will then deserve some consideration. Its provision postponiug resumption by the Banks, for six months after the Treasury has returned to the specie standard, strikes us as a surprising misconception of the coming situation. With the Treasury paying, and, of course receiving, cash in all its transactions, the Banks and the people must come to the same standard at once. The Senator may attempt to legislate for a half-year of grace to the corporations, but all the bills that may be piled upon the tables of Congress cannot prevent the popular acceptance of the Treasury standard for all the country. How long, then, are the Banks likely to maintain their nondescript position, —their legalized suspension, between a hard-money Treasury and specie valuations in all departments of business? The $350,000,000 of legal-tenders will be transmuted into gold-certificates at once, and held as such out of circulation, except for Government use, and the volume of the currency is thus contracted by fifty per cent. at one stroke. Take the other view, and suppose that the legal-tenders, not withdrawn, still remain in currency as specie funds. It is clear, in that case, that the $400,000,000 of National Bank paper, not presently redeemable and therefore depreciated, must itself retire from use as a circulating medium. For, the currency of par funds and of a depreciated paper at the same time, as component parts of the same circulation, is manifestly out of the question.

Senator MORTON'S proposition, as it stands, may be better entitled "An Act to Contract the Currency by one-half," or, perhaps, "An Act to Establish a Six Months' Panic," or "An Act to repeal the Act Establishing the National Banking System." Either of these titles would better designate the results inevitably attending its adoption.

Our large and increasing corps of financial doctors will do well to remember that specie-resumption means a cash resumption simultaneously in all quarters, public and private. It does not mean currency-contraction, especially by law, when the interests and policy of the Banks themselves will give us quite as much contraction as we shall feel able to stand. Nor does resumption mean that either Government or the people propose or expect to dispense with paper-money altogether. What we want, and shall continue to have, will be a paper currency based, as formerly, on a solid specie value. The statesman who shall devise the best method to secure that result at the earliest moment, will entitle himself to rank with GALLATIN and PEEL.

WILL PITTSBURGH ACCOMMODATE ITSELF?—NO. 2.

Recently the Pennsylvania Railroad Company submitted to the Councils of this city a plan for new Depots for local passenger and freight trains. This plan is divisible into two parts. One for a Depot for local passenger trains coming and going on the Pennsylvania Railroad and on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis road. The other for a freight Depot, in which all merchandize destined to this city or to be sent from it can be received, properly cared for, and dispatched or delivered without delay.

The first part of this plan involves the vacating of Grant street and Cherry alley from Seventh street to Liberty; Fountain street from Seventh to Washington, and the construction of an iron bridge, starting on Washington above the Panhandle crossing, and ending on a lot on the far side of Liberty, so as to admit the passing of vehicles and pedestrians. All the properties held by other parties within the boundaries thus indicated the Company purposes to buy, and then to build a suitable Depot for the local passenger traffic on its own road and the Panhandle. This would be an excellent improvement in behalf of people living along both of those lines, thousands of whom come to and go from this city every day in prosecution of their respective vocations. All the local trains thus provided for could pass back of the Grain Elevator, so as not to increase the burden of Liberty street. Local travelers would thus be relieved of the necessity of picking their way perilously over the various tracks now existing, and probably to exist, between the intersection of Grant street with Liberty and the Union Depot.

The second part of this plan involves the vacating of Try street from Third to Old avenue; of Watson street from Try to Shingiss; of Fourth from Hill to midway between Try and Ross; and the erection of a bridge on Third over the Panhandle Railroad crossing. This tract encloses the south end of the railroad tunnel. Here it is designed to put up a spacious and complete warehouse, of sufficient dimensions and with the appliances requisite to accommodate fully all the freight arriving at or departing from the city by both roads. This done, the track through Liberty street will be taken up, and the warehouse at the Point be dispensed with.

These improvements would involve the expenditure of large sums of money by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which would be recompensed by the superior facilities obtained for the transaction of its business. But the convenience and profit of the Company are not alone concerned therein. That side of the matter belongs specially to the Company to consider and determine so far as it is at liberty to act independently. The obverse side the inhabitants of the city, through their representatives in the Councils, will have to dispose of. That side may be expressed in a single question.

WILL THE CITY ALLOW ITS OWN BUSINESS TO BE ACCOMMODATED?

Through travel is admirably served at the Union Depot. No completer establishment of the sort exists in this country. Our own people, taking express trains for the east or west, and people from abroad arriving here by such trains, would manage to get along comfortably if only the changes suggested in these columns yesterday should be made. But a new Depot for local passenger trains, situated at such a point as to avoid the necessity for passing over a multiplicity of railway tracks, with a constant liability to encounter moving trains, is a convenience earnestly to be desired, and to be obtained even at the expense of some concessions, either of feeling or of ordinary street facilities.

Very little, if any, through freight changes cars in this city. It proceeds, except in unusual cases, to its destination in the cars in which it started. Additional facilities for receiving and forwarding freight are demanded, therefore, not to serve other towns or districts, but to meet the wants of this city and vicinity. It would certainly indicate intense infatuation to reject overtures to this end, either because the Company has sometimes heretofore used its power arbitrarily and to the damage of our people, or because it sees proper, in the exercise of its undoubted right, to seek primarily its own welfare. Railway Companies are not organized as charitable institutions. When new roads are projected citizens living along the contemplated lines often subscribe and pay for stock, from which they anticipate no direct returns; but this they do not under the impression that the Companies are the recipients of charity at their hands. What sums they expend in this way they expect to receive back again, if not directly in the form of dividends, then in the enhancement of the value of real estate and in the facilities furnished to their daily vocations. In this latter calculation they are never mistaken. Though this city and county foolishly wasted millions of dollars which they invested in railways, still the outlay has paid abundantly. The city and county are vastly more prosperou and wealthy than they would have been had no railways connected them with other places. As the result of unreasonable rage, vast pecuniary losses were sustained, which self-possession and prudence would have avoided; but the railways exist, and are constantly used to increase the riches and happiness of the inhabitants.

The railway companies want additional room to transact the business which necessarily exists here. Of course, they expect to make money by what they may do, just as the individuals or firms whom they serve, expect to make gains through their skill, enterprise and capital. What, therefore, is proposed touching new depots is for mutual advantage. In this light the proposition should be examined and decided upon by the City Councils.

At this point it is urged, by rival companies, as well as by individuals who are not altogether disinterested, that conditions ought to be imposed, preliminary to vacating certain streets, as desired. Doubtless, in case the City should incline to vacate portions of streets, as requested, it would be fair and prudent to make the act contingent upon the fulfillment by the railway company of its offer, and within a proper amount of time. Clearly, the City authorities, while exhibiting a cordial willingness to do their share towards providing for the business wants of the railway companies and the citizens, should avail themselves of the occasion to perfect as full an arrangement as possible for delivering the City from the inconveniences under which it now labors by reason of the streets being occupied by tracks. The necessity is urgent, and the occasion is propitious. The embarrassments that press upon the City are felt in equal degree by the Companies. Hence, there ought to be no doubt about securing that kind and degree of coöperation which will reach the case and provide remedies.

But, more than this is demanded; of which we will write to-morrow.

Alaska.

It is reported that the course of the American fur companies, in this region, is calculated to destroy the trade. Under the restrictions imposed by the Russians, one hundred thousand fur seal skins per annum were exported from the Islands of St. George and St. Paul, the market being fully supplied and remunerative prices maintained. The American traders, however, have this year taken off two hundred and twenty-five thousand skins, and the result will probably be that the seals will desert the Islands. The dishonest practices of other traders, in regard to the natives, are also ruinous to the prosperity of legitimate commerce. The natives give ivory, whalebone and furs in exchange for rum, and it is asserted that caske in outward appearance of five gallons capacity, but really holding only two, are palmed off upon the unsuspecting inhabitants. So, too, colored water is sold for rum, a glass of the genuine liquor being furnished as a sample. These tricks can only be played once, but their effect is very injurious.

—A fire at Rockland, Me., yesterday, destroyed the dwelling and auction store of F. W. Wolff, B. Littlefield's store, Atlantic block, containing three stores, and Atlantic Hall; also, Burpee's large furniture warehouse and dwelling, and the barber shop of F. A. Leucha. Loss $2,000; mostly insured.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

SENATE: Resolution of Sympathy for Spain—Resolution Condemning the President's Repudiation Sentiments Laid Over—Holding of Civil Offices by Military Men—Claims Against Venezuela—Alaska Fur Trade—Violation of the Fourteenth Amendment—Political Disabilities—Militia Organizations in Late Rebel States. HOUSE: Improvements in Mississippi River—Granting Lands to California—Union Pacific Railroad—Indian Policy—Petroleum on Passenger Vessels—Civil Offices in Southern States—Iowa War Claims—Moorhead Tariff Bill Considered in Committee of the Whole—Amendments Offered but not Disposed of at Adjournment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 15, 1868.

SENATE.

Mr. SUMNER, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported, with amendment, the joint resolution offered by him tendering sympathy to the people of Spain.

Mr. CATTELL, from the Committee on Finance, reported the resolution offered by Mr. Willey, yesterday, as followe:

Resolved, That the Senate, properly cherishing and upholding the good faith and honor of the nation, do hereby utterly disapprove and condemn the sentiment and proposition contained in as much of the late annual Message of the President of the United States as reads as follows: [Here follows the paragraph in reference to liquidating the national debt.]

Mr. SUMNER moved its immediate consideration.

Mr. M'CREARY objected and it was laid over.

Mr. EDMONDS introduced a bill to prevent the holding of civil offices by military officers, and to prevent the holding of more than one office at a time. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution requesting the President to communicate information in reference to the action of the mixed Commission for the adjustment of claims of citizens of the United States against the Government of Venezuela. Adopted.

Mr. PATTERSON, of New Hampshire, offered a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate in regard to Alaska and particularly in regard to the fur interests therein. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. FERRY, the Senate took from the table the bill introduced by Mr. Stewart yesterday, to punish the crime of holding office in violation of the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment.

Mr. FERRY spoke at length, advocating the removal of all political disabilities in the Southern States.

Mr. STEWART argued in favor of the bill. While he was anxious to remove the disabilities, he thought there should be reciprocity on the part of those to be benefitted.

Mr. WILSON'S bill to repeal the prohibition of the organization of the militia in the rebel States was taken up, and gave rise to a debate, Messrs. Wilson, Fessenden and Conkling speaking in favor, and Mr. Hendricks against it.

Mr. EDMUNDS moved to amend by continuing the prohibition as regards Virginia, Mississippi and Texas. The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. ELIOT offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for supplementary reports of Major General Wilson concerning the improvement of the Mississippi river at Desmoines and Rock Island Rapids. Adopted.

Mr. JULIAN, from Committee on Public Lands, reported back Senate bill granting lands to California to aid in the construction of railroad and telegraph line from Valejo to Humboldt bay. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

Mr. PRICE offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the House reports made on Union Pacific Railroad by the Government director and special commission. Adopted.

Mr. SHANKS offered a resolution directing the Committee on Military Affairs to enquire into the propriety of having the inmates of the Soldiers' Home furnished annually by the Government with two suits of army clothing. Adopted.

Mr. CLARK, of Kansas, introduced a joint resolution changing the policy in reference to Indian tribes. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. PERHAM offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary to facilitate the payment of arrears of pensions, under the sixth section of the act of July 12th, 1868. Adopted.

Mr. PILE offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire what further legislation is necessary for the security of life and property and the promotion of commerce on the rivers flowing into the Gulf of Mexico. Adopted.

Mr. GALLADAY offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the propriety of prohibiting passenger steam vessels from carrying petroleum or other inflammable fluids. Adopted.

Mr. HIGBY introduced a bill to provide for the annual inspection of Indian affairs. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. WHITTEMORE asked leave to offer a resolution declaring vacant all civil offices in the Southern States filled by disqualified persons, and making it the duty of the commanders of the military districts to fill the vacancies so created.

Mr. CHANLER objected.

Mr. SYPHER asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill for the enforcement of the 3d section of the 14th article of the amendment of the Constitution.

Mr. CHANLER objected.

The bill reported last week from the Committee on Military Affairs, fixing the amount found to be due Iowa on account of claims against the United States for military expenses incurred at $229,848, came up.

Mr. GARFIELD, in the absence of Mr. Dodge, who had charge of the bill, explained and advoted its provisions.

The bill was also supported in debate by Messrs. Wilson, of Iowa, Allison and Price.

Mr. WASHBURNE, Illinois, argued the bill should be referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and moved to add a proviso to the bill that no payment shall be made until after the accounts had been examined and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. WOOD opposed the bill until all the States were placed on an equal footing in that respect.

Finally Mr. GARFIELD moved the previous question. The House refused to second it—43 to 70.

Mr. WOOD moved to refer the bill back to the Committee on Military Affairs, with instructions to report back a general bill on the subject.

Mr. PRUYN suggested an amendment to the general law of 1861, to provide for cases of informality in vouchers.

Mr. WOOD accepted the amendment and the morning hour having expired, the bill went over until the next morning hour.

The SPEAKER announced the Select Committee on New York Election Frauds as follows: Messrs. Lawrence, of Ohio; Dawes, of Massachusetts; Blair, of Michigan; Dickey, of Pennsylvania; Hopkins, of Wisconsin, Marshall, of Illinois, and Hubbard, of Connecticut.

Mr. SCHENCK moved to go to business on the Speaker's table, and gave notice, after consultation with the Committee on Ways and Means, he would move on the 6th of January to go into Committee of the Whole on the first special order, which was the tariff bill. Considering that tomorrow was likely to be the only day for work, announcements of deaths of members being arranged for Thursday and Friday, it had been thought advisable not to make a motion to go into Committee of the Whole on the special order before the holidays. He therefore gave this notice that all persons might be prepared.

Mr. MOORHEAD, another member of the Committee on Ways and Means, asked Mr. Schenck to yield the floor for a motion to go into Committee of the Whole on the tariff bill.

Mr. SCHENCK said he was perfectly willing to let the motion be made.

Mr. MOORHEAD made that motion, and remarked that the bill was printed and had been before the country for a long time.

Mr. BROOKS inquired what bill was to be taken up in Committee? The short tariff bill reported by the Committee on Ways and Means, or the one which the gentleman (Mr. Moorhead) had reported, as a sub-Committee?

Mr. MOORHEAD replied the short bill was the bill now pending in the Committee of the Whole, and which would be of course taken up.

Mr. BROOKS intimated that it would be very improper in the present unprepared state of the country and of the House to take up the tariff bill and press it to a passage. On the other hand, it was very proper to give notice, such as Mr. Schenck had given.

The question was taken by tellers on Mr. MOORHEAD'S motion, and the vote was 77 ayes and 45 nays.

The yeas and nays were then called, and the motion agreed to—yeas 104, nays 69, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ames, Arnell, Ashley, (O.,) Baily, Banks, Beaman, Beatty, Benton, Bingham, Blain, Blair, Boutwell, Bowen, Boyden, Boyer, Broomall, Buckley, Butler, (Tenn.,) Cake, Collis, Churchill, Clarke, (O.,) Cobb, Coburn, Corley, Covode, Dawes, Dewees, Dickey, Dixon, Dockery, Donnelly, Driggs, Eckley, Ela, Farnsworth, Ferris, Ferry, Fields, French, Garfield, Getz, Halsey, Haughey, Heaton, Higby, Hubbard, (W. Va.,) Hillburd, (N. Y.,) Jenckes, Jones, (N. C.,) Kelly, Ketcham, Kitchen, Koontz, Lash, Lawrence, (Pa.,) Lawrence, (O.,) Lincoln, Lowridge, Lynch, Mallory, Marvin, Moorhead, Moore, Morrill, Mullins, Myers, Niesham, Norris, O'Neill, Perham, Pettis, Plants, Poland, Price, Prince, Randall, Robertson, Schofield, Seleye, Smith, Spalding, Starkweather, Stevens, (N. Y.,) Sypher, Taylor, Trowbridge, Twitchell, Upson, Van Horn, (N. Y.,) Vidal, Washburne, (Ill.,) Washburne, (Ind.,) Washburne, (Mass.,) Welker, Whittemore, Wilson, (O.,) Wilson, (Pa.,) and Windom—104.

Nays—Messrs. Adams, Allison, Anderson, Archer, Axtell, Baker, Barnes, Barnum, Beck, Bromwell, Brooks, Burr, Butler, (Mass.) Casey, Chanler, Clark, (Kansas,) Cook, Cullom, Eggleston, Glossbrenner, Galladay, Gravelly, Groover, Holman, Hooper, Hopkins, Hotchkiss, Hubbard, Humphrey, Hunter, Johnson, Jones, (Kentucky,) Judd, Judson, Kerr, Knott, Loan, Marshall, McCullough, Morrissey, Mungen, Newcomb, Niblock, Orth, Peters, Phelps, Pike, Pile, Pruyn, Robinson, Ross, Schenck, Sitgraves, Stewart, Stokes, Stone, Stover, Taber, Taffe, Tuftt, Trimble, Van Aernam, Van Trump, Van Wycke, Williams, (Ind.,) Wilson, (Iowa,) Wood, Woodward, Young—69.

The House thereupon, at 2:10, went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Dawes in the chair, and took up the bill to increase the revenue from duties on imports and tending to equalize exports and imports.

Mr. BROOKS being entitled to the floor when the bill was up at the last session, remarked that the gentleman from Pennsylvania, (Mr. Moorhead) had been omnipotent in arresting the ordinary course of business in bringing up a bill to secure a monopoly to the State of Pennsylvania. He intimated there would appear to be some sort of collusion between that gentleman and the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Lawrence) who recently offered a resolution looking to the driving out of six anti-tariff members from the city of New York. It would be shown in that connection that nearly $500,000 had been contributed by the Union League of the city of New York, in collusion with the League of Philadelphia, mostly composed of iron and steel men, to corrupt the elections and carry the States of Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania and the anti-tariff State of Maine. The grand jury of New York city had had that subject before it, and had prepared a paper, constituting an indictment of some of the most eminent of the men of the country and the Hon. Senator from New York (Mr. Morgan,) had been summoned to appear before that grand jury to give testimony which would show the immense sums which he had contributed to corrupt elections, but had twice refused to answer the process of Court, and had only escaped by leaving the city, or by availing himself of his privileges as a member of Congress.

Mr. MYERS asked whether the Senator of whom the gentleman was speaking was one of three State Senators who had voted in Philadelphia last October?

Mr. BROOKS declined to yield, and went on to speak of the contribution of A. T. Stewart to the Union League.

Mr. MYERS made the point of order that the gentleman was not discussing the question before the Committee.

The Chairman overruled the point of order, remarking the bill was not a special order.

Mr. BROOKS was proceeding to speak in the same connection of William E. Dodge, and of the means by which that gentleman had gained possession of his (Mr. Brook's) seat in the House, but the Chairman stated he was unable to see the pertine ncy of the remarks.

Mr. BROOKS then applied himself to a more regular discussion of the tariff bill, which he opposed until the Committee rose.

Mr. MOORHEAD moved the House again go into Committee of the Whole. Agreed to—yeas 91, nays 64.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, moved to add to the paragraph on copper, blue vitrol and sulphate of copper. Agreed to.

Mr. PIKE moved to reduce the proposed duty on copper in plate, &c., from forty-five to twenty per cent., and argued in support of the amendmeut as bearing upon the ship building interest.

Mr. MAYNARD opposed the amendment, which was rejected.

Mr. PHELPS offered an amendment allowing a draw back of duty on imported copper where smelting establishments give bonds to use two tons of copper mined in the United States to every ton of imported ore. He advocated the amendment, arguing that it was neeessary for the success of copper smelting establishments.

Mr. KELLY said Pennsylvania had no copper interests to subserve. There were copper interests, however, to be protected in Michigan, Virginia, Tennessee and Alabama, and there was not protection enough now to develop those interests under this bill. However, all varieties of copper necessary for smelting would be produced.

Mr. DRIGGS argued in support of the increase of duty. Out of about one hundred mines in Michigan there were only eleven in operation for want of protection. If smelting establishments in Baltimore could not live without ruining the copper interest of the United States, they should retire from business.

Mr. TWICHELL moved to add a proviso that the copper used in the manufacture of yessels shall be admitted free of duty.

Mr. ALLISON opposed the amendment offered by Mr. Phelps, and argued that as no manufactured copper was introduced into the country, the copper manufacturing establishments at Baltimore and elsewhere had an absolute monopoly, and there was, therefore, no necessity for an increased duty on manufactures of copper. He did not admit there was any greater propriety in allowing drawbacks in favor of ship building interests than in favor of any other interest.

Mr. TWICHELL'S amendment was rejected.

Mr. MAYNARD argued against the amendment offered by Mr. Phelps. He said it was in contravention of the policy of the bill, which was to encourage domestic mining.

Mr. PHELPS suggested that his proposition would be an encouragement to domestic mining.

Mr. SPALDING moved an amendment providing that copper in any form, used in ship building, and actually imported for that purpose, shall be entitled to a drawback of twenty per cent. *ad valorem*. He said he was in favor of protecting the copper interest, but he did not wish to injure the ship building interest. He thought his amendment a fair compromise.

Mr. KELLY declared that if the ship building interest would give to the copper interest the monopoly they had, no other tariff would be asked. The law gave to the ship building interest an absolute monopoly of the coasting trade, the lake trade and the river trade of the country, greater than all the foreign commerce of the world. There never had been such a monopoly. He approved it, and was willing to go further, and remove all tonnage duties from internal trade, and to stimulate by every means the development of internal commerce; but the interest which was protected by the most absolute and grandest monopoly that the United States had ever conceded, should not be allowed to crush out the copper interest of Lake Superior, Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama and Tennessee.

Without disposing of the amendments, the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

NEW YORK CITY.

August Belmont and the World—His Liberality in Contributing Funds to the Democratic Party—Confiscation of Silks—Memorial from Tobacco Men—A Debtor Released from Imprisonment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 15, 1868.

The *Herald*, taking for its text a paragraph floating from the Washington correspondence of a New York journal through the western press, says that August Belmont is not now and never has been an owner or pecuniarily interested in the *World* or any fraction of it; that no Democrat sought the success of the party more earnestly than he, or contributed more liberally to the last and former canvasses; that the amount thus given by him, distributed by Committees, is nearly $100,000, besides notoriously liberal contributions to the expenses of ratifying meetings and other political machinery; that the Democratic party has never spent the one-tenth of the money in any election in the last twenty years than its opponents have spent in the last campaign, the National Committee received scarcely one dollar from any other State or city than New York; that all it got, except a beggarly fraction sent to Maine, was spent in Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio; that $2,500,000 would not have satisfied the demands received from every State in the Union; that the money contributed has always been contributed by about twenty Democrats in New York city and a half a dozen in New York State; that the Committee received not a dollar of the demand assessed on the several congressional districts, except by one State near the Rocky Mountains, which followed up its contribution of $100 by a request for $10,000.

It is reported that proceedings are about to be commenced by the Collector of Customs for the confiscation of $300,000 worth of smuggled shawls found concealed in clocks entered in this port.

The Fine Cut Tobacco Association of New York and New Jersey have adopted a memorial to Congress against the extension of the time beyond the first of January for selling fine cut, smoking, chewing, shorts and snuffs without compliance with the law of July last in relation to each package having the required stamps.

One Wolff, formerly a merchant of Chicago, who failed in 1862, and has been imprisoned here at the instance of creditors, was to-day discharged by Judge Cardozo under the 11th section of the Stillwell act, having stated his willingness to execute an assignment of his property for the benefit of his creditors.

Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, December 15.—Cotton has a downward tendency; middling uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾d; sales eight thousand bales. Wheat; white California 12s; red western 9s 9d. Flour; western 26s. Oats 3s 7d. Barley 5s. Peas 46s. Pork 86s 6d. Beef 105s. Lard 68s. Oheese 67s 6d. Bacon 52s 6d. Petroleem 8d; refined do 1s 6½d. Tallow 49s 6d. Turpentine 27s.

LONDON, December 15.—Tallow heavy and weak at 49s 6d.

ANTWERP, December 15.—Petroleum firmer; 55frs bid, and 55½ asked.

HAVRE, December 15.—Cotton 125 frs on spot, and 121 to arrive.

BUFFALO, December 15.—The Flour market is quiet; sales are reported of 600 bbls at $8,35 for western spring; $9,50 for amber; $10,50 for white western. Wheat is quiet; sales are reported of 3,000 bush No. 2 Chicago at about $1,49; 2,400 bush amber Canada at $1,80; 1,300 bush No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1,60. Corn is a shade easier; sales of car lots of old western at 90c; new, 93c, on track; 90c for kiln dried. Oats are dull and sales are reported of one car load at 68c. Other articles are dull and unchanged.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., December 15.—Beef Cattle; receipts, 1,253 head; demand not very active, but on some lots full prices have been obtained, while on ordinary grades there was a decline of ¼a½c per pound; sales of extra at $12,50a13,50; first quality at $11a12; second quality $10,00a10,50, and third quality $7,50a9,50. Sheep and Lambs; receipts, 7,410 head; market inactive but sales at $2a3 per head.

CHICAGO, December 15.—Markets this evening quiet. Wheat, No. 2 sold at $1,15¾ a1,16, sellers for this month, with sales at inside figure. Oats 47c, seller for this month. Nothing done in Corn.

—A Havana dispatch of the 12th says: The government troops suffered fearfully in recent encounters and Valmaseda is in Nuevitas demanding reinforcements. Risings are reported in several large towns. The insurrection is now within one hundred and fifty miles of Havana. The British Consul notified English subjects to immediately register. The authorities require $2,000,000 for immediate use, and have authorized the Spanish Bank to make an additional issue of paper to that amount.

DIED:

BIVEN—On Monday, December 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M., Mrs. SARAH BIVEN, wife of Mr. Samuel Biven, in the 73d year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, on the corner of Alexander street and Steubenville Pike, Temperanceville, on THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

TODD—At Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 12th inst., Mrs. VIRGINIA TODD, daughter of the late Reade Washington, Esq., of this city.

LEWIS—On Saturday, December 13th, at 10½ o'clock P. M., Mrs. CARRIE COOPER LEWIS, wife of Dr. D. W. Lewis, aged 34 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, East Liberty, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock. Carriages will leave Moreland & Mitchell's Stables at 12½ o'clock.

TOBIN—At Portsmouth, Ohio, December 2d, Mr. WM. J. TOBIN, aged 98 years, 5 months and 3 days.

PERRY—On Monday, December 14th, 1868, at his residence, Germantown, Philadelphia, JOHN F. PERRY, brother of H. Perry.

Notice of the funeral will be given.

[Steubenville papers please copy.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Fancy and Staple Articles

SUITABLE FOR

USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS.

KID GLOVES,

ALL SHADES, TASSELLED AND PLAIN.

Alexandre Kid Gloves,
Fur Topped Kid,
Berlin and
Cloth Gloves.

HOSIERY.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT, ALL SIZES AND STYLES.

Heavy Wool and Merino

UNDERWEAR.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

NECK TIES, SCARFS, BOWS, SUSPENDERS, PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

HANDKERCHIEFS,

REAL HEM STITCHED HAND'FS, 15 cents up. EMBROIDERED, TUCKED, REVERE, MOURNING, BORDERED AND LACE HANDKERCHIEFS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs.

HANDSOME STYLES—LIGHT AND DARK.

NECK, BOW AND SASH

RIBBONS

A SPLENDID LINE.

HATS,

MILLINERY GOODS, VELVETS, SATINS AND FRENCH FLOWERS.

HOOP SKIRTS,

PERFECT GOODS, AT ONE HALF USUAL RATES.

CORSETS,

FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN, OF BEST MAKES, VERY LOW.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

LOOPS, BUTTONS AND ORNAMENTS.

SHELL COMBS,

JET AND PLATED JEWELRY.

BRACELETS,

BROCHES, SLEEVE BUTTONS, SETTS AND HANDKERCHIEF HOLDERS.

HAND KNIT ZEPHYR GOODS,

GERMANTOWN WOOLS, ZEPHYR AND YARNS.

A COMPLETE STOCK

Of New Goods Arriving Daily.

de16

GENUINE

SCOTCH PEBBLE

SPECTACLES,

WARRANTED TO IMPROVE THE SIGHT

FOR SALE BY

DUNSEATH & HASLETT.

56 FIFTH STREET.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

Fall and Winter Goods

ever brought to this city. His stock embraces al the latest French and English manufactures of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND OVERCOATINGS

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

FOR A STYLISH OVERCOAT,
FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH BUSINESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
FOR A STYLISH VEST OF ALL KINDS,

For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

W. HESPENHEID.

NO. 50 ST. CLAIR STREET, now Sixth.

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BELLFIELD PROPERTY FOR SALE—A neat cottage house of portico, hall, five rooms, two attic rooms, porches, large cellar, stable, well and cistern; lot **80** feet front by **140** deep to an alley, street in front and on one side; variety of choice fruit trees, pear, peach, plum, cherry and apple, grape vines and small fruits; abundance of good fruit last season; situate one square from street cars in desirable location.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
de16 **85** Smithfield street.

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THOS. F. DALE, M. D.,
R. S. SUTTON, M. D.
no13:a13

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ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. **166** FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and Imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. **35** OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins, Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins fom $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to unerals $4.

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ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FOR ONE WEEK,

COMMENCING MONDAY, DECEMBER 21st,

Grand Military Allegory of

THE DRUMMER BOY OF SHILOH.

To be produced by TWO HUNDRED VETERANS and SEVENTY-FIVE LADIES of the city, under the management of POST 3, G. A. R., for the benefit of Soldiers' widows and orphans.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

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Seats may be secured each day from 10 to 12 A M. at the box office, commencing December 18. de16

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

The Manager takes pleasure in announcing a BRIEF ENGAGEMENT with the Eminent Tragedian,

EDWIN BOOTH,

COMMENCING ON

MONDAY, DECEMBER 21st, 1868,

BOX SHEET NOW OPEN.

NOTICE—In consequence of the immense expense attendant upon the engagement of Mr. Booth, the management has been compelled to adopt the following

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Private Boxes	$10 00
Orquestra Chairs	2 00
Reserved Parquette and Dress Circle	1 50
Admission Tickets	1 00
Gallery	50c.

FINE CITY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

That eligibly located and modern style dwelling, No. **35** Ferry street, with immediate possession, is offered for a few days only. The house is situated near the corner of Third avenue,

Contains Nine Rooms,

Beside bath, drying and store rooms, pantries, etc., is supplied with gas and water and finely finished throughout. The property is in convenient proximity to markets, churches, schools and business streets, is surrounded by beautiful shade-trees and has a fine side-yard.

For terms, which will be made satisfactory, enquire of LOCKHART, FREW & CO.,
de16:b46 **172** Wood street.

FURS! FURS!

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

FUR EMPORIUM AND MANUFACTORY,

138 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

The subscriber being the only REGULAR FUR MANUFACTURER IN THE CITY, would call the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen wanting Furs to his Stock, comprising every variety known to the trade, and made in the most Fashionable Styles, and prices that cannot be excelled by any, I except none. All I ask is a fair trial, and I will gusrantee satisfaction. Furs, Altered, Repaired and Cleaned in the neatest and best manner.

LOUIS MULLER,
de16:b50 **138** WOOD STREET.

TO CAPITALISTS,

ENGAGED OR WISHING TO ENGAGE IN

THE MANUFACTURE OF GLASSWARE,

A rare chance is offered in the sale of the entire Patent for the manufacture and exclusive sale of the

GRADUATED VIAL,

Now in general use throughout the country, having fourteen years to run from February **11**th, **1869**. The investment to men of enterprise and capital will pay largely, as the bottles cost no more than plain ones, and for them there is a constant and growing demand. Want of capital sufficient for manufacturing is the only cause for offering this valuable Patent for sale. Terms and further information may be had by addressing

GEORGE W. STOECKEL,

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EVERY STYLE AND COLOR.

STAINED GLASS,

PACE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

BAILEY, FARREL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD AND BLOCK TIN PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

and all kinds of

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS

MATERIALS.

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de16:ws

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NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Fine China and Bohemian Vases, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets. Fancy Cups.

Smoking Sets, Parian Ware, French Decorated Glassware and Plated Goods,

A fresh assortment of entirely new styles and designs just opened at

NO. 22 WOOD STREET,

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STAINED GLASS,

PACE. ZELLERS & DUFF.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.

All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at

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RECEIVE AND SELL ALL KINDS

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All Orders for Merchandise Filled Promptly at Lowest Market Rates.

Having had long experience in the Produce business in this city, we feel confident we can give entire satisfaction, and respectfully solicit consignments.

All correspondence in regard to Prices, Prospects of Markets, &c., answered Promptly.

Shippers should pack all goods with care and neatness. Mark directions plain with Name of Article, Weight and Tare, always advising us at the time of Shipment.

MARKING PLATES FURNISHED FREE.

We report a good Market for all kinds of Produce. Stock Light and prices firm. Our quotations are taken from actual sales, and can be considered reliable.

APPLES—Choice lots scarce and firm at $4.00@$5.00; Good to Common, $3.00@4.00.

BUTTER—Receipts of Choice Roll light and prices firm at 40@42c; Fair to Good, 35@40c.

EGGS—Demand slow; 33@35c for Fresh; Limed 30c.

BEANS—Prime Navy, $3.50@3.75; Medium, $3.00@3.50.

DRIED FRUIT—Prime Halves Peaches scarce, at 15@16c.; Quarters Slow, 12@13c.; Mixed, 13@14c. DRIED APPLES—Choice, 10c.; Fair, 9@9½c.

CHEESE—Stock light and prices firm; 17@18c for Factory, 18@20c for Goshen.

GRAIN—Stock light and prices firmer; Winter WHEAT, $1.85@1.90; No. 1 Spring, $1.50. CORN—75@80c. for New, $1.00@1.05 for Old. RYE scarce at $1.45@1.50. OATS—65@68c. No. 1. BARLEY $2.00@2.10.

SEEDS—Flaxseed, $2.45@3.50; Timothy, $3.00; Clover, $8.50@9.00.

FLOUR—Winter, $9.00@9.50; Spring, $7.50@$8.00.

CORN MEAL—$1.00@1.10 per bushel.

POTATOES—Peach Blows, 80@85c. in sacks; $2.75@3.00 per barrel.

POULTRY—Dressed Turkeys, 15@16c.; Chickens 12@13c.; Geese, 12@14c.

GAME—Venison, Saddles, 23@25c.; Whole Deer, 12@15c.; Wild Duck, $5.00@6.00 per dozen; Quail, $3.00 per dozen; Prairie Hens, $5.00@6.00.

CRANBERRIES—$23.00@24.00 per barrel.

ONIONS—Prime Yellow, $5.00@6.00 per barrel.

TALLOW—12@12½c.

APPLE BUTTER—75@80c.

SORGHUM—65@70c.

FEATHERS—75@90c.

LARD—16@16½c.

CHESTNUTS—$5.50@6.00.

SHELLBARKS—$3.00@3.50.

VINEGAR—18@20c.

CIDER—Dull, $6.00@8.00.

RAGS—4½c.

COUNTRY SOAP—7c.

SHEEP PELTS—25@75c.

HAY—Baled, $23@28.

BEESWAX—40c.

HOMINY—$6.50@6.75.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS.

GREAT VARIETY

OF

ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS,

FOR

LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS.

FURS, MUFFS, AND BERTHAS.

FANCY ARTICLES

FOR

THE LITTLE FOLKS.

ALL NEW AND CHOICE GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

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An imperial octavo volume of four hundred pages, containing choice selections from the English Poets, and superbly illustrated with

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Printed in the most perfect manner on the page with the text.

The illustrations consist principally of Landscapes by CHURCH, SWEET, DURAND, HUNTINGTON, CROPSEY, COLE, LEUTZE, and other American artists, and numerous ideal portraits and artistic groups by MACLISE, MEADOWS, CORBEAUX, CRESWICK, WEIR, and other famous European painter,—all engraved on steel in the highest style of the art.

Altogether, this volume is the most lavish in illustration, the most sumptuous in type, paper, and binding, and the most eleghnt in its artistic appointments, of any gift book issued from the American press. Price, in full morocco, antique, or gilt, $20.00.

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To the admirer of Schiller, a study of these various happy artistic realizations of his characters will prove a great and lasting delight; while to all others the work is a SUPERB GALLERY OF ART, of unequalled interest and great intrinsic value.

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A Christmas and New Year's Gift for Young People.

Containing a varied and highly interesting collection of Stories, Tales of Adventure, Incidents at Sea and in the Forest, Hunting and Sporting Scenes, Humorous Sketches, etc., etc. Handsomely illustrated, and elegantly bound in cloth, gilt, extra. Price $2.50.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,

90, 92 and 94 GRAND ST., NEW YORK.

de16:b45-s.w.s

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

FURS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

AT

McCORD & CO'S,

131 WOOD STREET.

STAINED AND ENAMELED GLASS.

DRIED FRUIT—250 scks. Dried Peaches; 125 sacks Dried Apples for sale by
de16 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR

THE COLD WEATHER.

BLANKETS, QUILTS,

FLANNELS,

SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS,

FURS,

UNDERWEAR, STOCKINGS.

BLACK, BROWN AND GOLD MIXED

WATERPROOF CLOTHS,

NEW AND DESIRABLE

Dress Goods

AT

VERY LOW PRICES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to Sewer Assessments on Corner Lots.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That in the assessment of frontage tax for sewer purposes on Sedgwick Street property a reduction of Thirty-Three Per Cent be made on the following named properties, the same being corner lots and entitled to a reduction by provision of an Act of the Legislature, relating to the sewerage of Allegheny, dated the First day of May, **1867**:

W. Brown, T. H. Gibson, D. McElwee, S. Farley, S. Robinson's Heirs, P. McKee, Wm. A. Craig, Frazier Bros., Graff & Co., Wm. Hershen.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 10th day of December, A. D. **1868**.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
JOHN S. SLAGLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. de15

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.

FOR

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,

NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

REMOVAL—ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1st

W. P. MARSHALL

Will remove his stock of

WALL PAPERS,

from the old stand No. **87** WOOD STREET, to the newly fitted and elegant store house,

NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. no17

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. no19

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,

ONE HUNDRED TONS OF

POULTRY,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark packages distinctly and send voices by mail.

H. P. BALLARD & CO.
Commission Merchants, 332 Washington str New York. no17:a&f

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET.

☞All orders promptly attended to.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Dec. 12, 1868.

ALLEGHENY CITY COMPROMISE BONDS WANTED.—Persons holding Compromise Bonds of the City of Allegheny, Pa., are hereby notified that the Sinking Fund for **1868** will be invested in said Bonds at the lowest rates offered. Proposals will be received by the undersigned until FRIDAY, January **1st, 1869.**

D. MACFERRON,
de12:b47 Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Dec. 12, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the holders of the SIX PER CENT. MUNICIPAL BONDS of the City of Allegheny, that the Coupons on said Bonds coming due January 1st, **1869**, will be paid on said day, (less the State tax,) at the Bank of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. MACFERRON,
de15:b48 Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

de7:b10-MWF

LARD OIL—10 barrels No. 1 just received and for sale by
de16 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HEMP—30 bales Kentucky Hemp in store and for sale by
de16 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FEATHERS—60 sacks for sale by (de16) ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NOTICES.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 12, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION for DIRECTORS of this Bank will take place at the BANKING HOUSE, corner of First and Wood streets, on TUESDAY, January **12**th **1869**, between the hours of **11** A. M. and **2** P. M.

de14:b28 JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, December 14, 1868.

NOTICE. — The Assessment for the Nicolson Pavement on Sixth street, from Liberty street to the Suspension bridge is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, December **24**, **1868**, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
de14:b40 City Engineer.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., PITTSBURGH, December 12th, 1868.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Annual Election of Directors of this Bank to serve during the ensuing year, will take place at the Bank, on TUESDAY, January **12**th, **1869**, between the hours of **10** A. M. and **3** P. M.

de14:b38 JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 12, 1868.

NOTICE.—The Annual Election for DIRECTORS to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, **January 12th, 1869**, between the hours of **1** and **3** P. M.

de12:b30 R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1868.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January **12**th, **1869**, between the hours of **12** M. and **1** P. M.

JOHN G. MARTIN,
de12:b31 Cashier

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 12, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January **12**th, **1869**, between the hours of **11** A. M. and **2** P. M.

W. McCANDLESS,
de13:b29 Assistant Cashier

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION for ELEVEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January **12**, **1869**, between the hours of **11** A. M. and **1** P. M.

de15:b41 F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION for ELEVEN DIRECTORS will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January **12**, **1869**, between the hours of **10** and **12** A. M.

de15:b42 CYRUS CLARKE, Cashier

ALLEGHENY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY — ANNUAL MEETING—The Annual Meeting of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society will be held on THURSDAY, January **7**th, at no. **10** St. Clair street, at **10** o'clock A. M., at which time an election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held. The Board or Managers will hold their monthly meeting on WEDNESDAY, December 30th, at **10** o'clock A. M., at the same place.

de15 JOHN E. PARKE, President.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY. TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. **3**, **1868.**

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Second Instalment on the New Stock, subscribed for under resolution of the Board of Directors of May **1868**, is now due.

Unless paid on or before the **15**th inst., the stalment will not draw its proportion of dividend due May, **1869**, and those paying up all the remaining instalments will receive full dividends in May next.

THOMAS T. FIRTH,
de7-b8 Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash, on and after November **30**, **1868**.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, **338** SOUTH THIRD STREET.

The office will be opened at **8** A. M. and closed at **4** P. M., from November **30**th to December 5th for the payment of dividends, and after that date from **9** A. M. to **3** P. M.

no20:a46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

IN THE MATTER OF OPENING LOCUST STREET, IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH—All owners of Lots, or other persons interested in the BURIAL GROUNDS on STEVENSON STREET, one belonging to the Associate Reformed Church, known as KERR'S GRAVE YARD, and the other to the Catholic Church, known as the CATHOLIC GRAVE YARD, are hereby notified that they are required to remove the bodies from the ground within the line of Locust street, within three months from this date; and if the same are not removed within that time, they will be removed by the undersigned, who have been appointed Commissioners for that purpose. Said street is forty-eight feet wide, and extends along the line between the said Burial Grounds about one-half off each. All necessary information can be had by application to either of the Commissioners.

The Commissioners will meet for consultation with Lot Owners, on MONDAY, December **22**d, **1868**, at **10** o'clock, A. M., at the City Engineer's Office, Market Building, third story.

WM. GRIFFIN,
J. D. KELLY,
M. TINDLE,
Pittsburgh, Dec. **4**, **1868**. Commissioners
de4:a8o

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wante," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—MACHINIST—Who understands the NUT AND BOLT BUSINESS. None but a competent workmen need apply. Good wages will be paid and steady employment. HOLENSHODE'S BOLT AND NUT WORKS, Nos. **493** to **505** West Third street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—A few salesmen to go to the country and sell goods on commission. Address Box **688**, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—Good Boarding at No. **16** ANN STREET, Allegheny city, for $4.50 per week.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentleman at **68** FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$50 to $200 PER MONTH—To sell a New Book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, by GEORGE E. WARING, Esq., the distinguished Author and Agricultural Engineer of the New York Central Park, &c. Nothing like it; 200 Engravings. Sells at sight to Farmers, Mechanics and workingmen of all classes. Send for Circulars. A. L. TALCOTT & CO., 58 Market street, Pittsburgh, Penna. de7-nWF

TO LET.

TO LET---TWO HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at **199** Third avenue.

FOR RENT—The large four story building, **38** SMITHFIELD STREET, at present occupied by Messrs. T. B. Young & Co., as a Furniture Warehouse. Possession 1st of April next. Enquire of SIMON JOHNSTON, corner of Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

TO LET—A furnished Sleeping ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in the house of a private family, No. **220** LACOCK STREET, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A first class Retail Drug Store in a very desirable location. Address Box **1317**, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE — COAL WORKS. Located on the Central Ohio division of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, eighty-eight miles east of Columbus, in Guernsey county, Ohio, **170** acres of Coal Bank, opening only **100** feet from the railroad, with all necessary bank cars, mules, tools, houses for miners, blacksmith shop, railroad siding, &c., &c. Price **$12,000**. Terms, **$5,000**, balance in coal, or will take an active partner with a cash capital of **$7,000**. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Apply to, or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. **139**, Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

FOR SALE—JOB PRINTING OFFICE—Established and doing a good business. Address, JOB PRINTER, this office.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A first class retail drug store in a very desirable location. Terms easy. Address box **764**, Pittsburgh.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Staves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 36 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DESMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUELEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, YAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,

PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every descripti of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL,

Mill, Mulay, Circular Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Stee Tyre, Plow Wires, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. y28:d9

IRON WORKS.

JAS. ... GNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P...

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap21:d6

PITTSBURGH.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14'68:dwT

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KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are a cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets. Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r82

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

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AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consign... ...pectfully solicited.

PAPER.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS,

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President. JNO. E. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer. SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John E. Livingston.

Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.

PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.

WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS,
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:e21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

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Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST. ap1:w40

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers o

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURER OF

Keystone Standard, Patent Platform and Counter

SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches,

PAINT AND C...FFEE MILLS,
MALLEABLE IRON, &c.

Corner of Grant and First Streets,

au5:184 PITTSBURGH.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, o every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, December 15, 1868.

Money being easier in New York, the bond, stock and gold markets were all firmer and higher to-day. Gold had touched 135¼, and advanced to 135¼, with a very firm feeling under large purchases since the recent decline. Cash gold is quite plenty, but the shipments to Europe and the South average over a million dollars per week, which takes all the surplus gold, or the amount on the market out of the hands of speculators, and reduces the amount available for speculation to what the banks choose to let out before January next. Although there is no cause for a rise of gold at present, yet the feeling in regard to European policies prevents speculations for a decline, and keeps the precious metals now hoarded out of the market.

Government bonds seem to have touched bottom for the present, and although they did not materially advance to-day, less bonds are offered for sale, which keeps the supply on the market close up to the demand. More inquiry is made for old 1862 bonds at the present low rates, more for the purpose of speculating in them than for permanent investment.

The stock market is higher and firm; in Erie, New York Central, Cleveland, Fort Wayne and Ohio & Mississippi; there is also an improvement in all the western stocks, which are more bouyant, since the apparent stringency has passed over. The stringency was artificial, caused by the attempt of the managers of the New York roads for the purpose of getting possession of as much stock of the Cleveland road as possible. The consolidation of the Pennsylvania Central and Fort Wayne railroads have put the New York roads to the necessity of finding new direct connections with the far west, which they hope to accomplish through the Atlantic & Great Eastern and the Cleveland roads with Ohio connections.

Money remains quiet, but in good demand. Business dull.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135⅜; Eighty-one's, 114⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 110½; do, 1864, 107; do, 1865, 107¾; do, 1865, new, 110½; do, 1867, 110½; do, 1868, 110⅝; Ten Forties, 105¾; Railroads —Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 83¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 110½; Chicago & Rock Island, 110⅝; Chicago & North Western, 78½; do Preferred, 79; Michigan Southern, 86¾; Reading, 97½; Erie, 39¾; New York Central, 124½; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 20; Western Union Telegraph Co., 36¾; Merchants Union Express Co., 15½; Pacific Mail, 112⅜; Adams, 48; Mining shares—Gregory, 5,05; Quartz Hill, 75; Smith & Parmele, 3,45; Corydon, —.

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Monday, reports money matters in that city, as follows: The business of the week closing today has been a considerable improvement on that of the week previous, and though money has been tight, and the last day or two the stringency has shown a tendency to increase, the business prospect is a vast improvement on that of a month or two ago. The stock of grain and flour in store here now is in the aggregate less than half what it was at one time during the fall, and the whole amount of capital held in them is probably not a million and a half of dollars, which would be only about one-third of what was so held a short time ago. The packing business has, however, absorbed all the surplus capital released by the decrease of these products, and is the immediate cause of the stringency in money just at present. This, however, is expected to work its own cure in a short time, as merchants are beginning to find some little improvement in making collections in the country as one of its results already. Fortunately for all business interests in this part of the country, there was an active eastern demand for provisions from the very beginning of the packing season, which has caused earlier shipments than usual, and has returned much of the capital to be used again; but for this money would have been much tighter now. Even as it is, a good many of the wholesale merchants are compelled to ask for renewals of paper falling due, though there are not so many instances of this kind as a month ago. Upon the whole, though the money market is tighter, business is in a much healthier condition than a few weeks since.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 135⅜; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114⅝; 5-20's, 1862, 110½; 5-20's, 1864, 107; 5-20's, 1865, 107¾; 10-40's, 105¼; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 110½; 5-20's, January and July, '67 110½; '68, 110½; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; August 119; Sept., 119; Oct. 118½; Union Pacific Railroad, 102; Central, 103.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135⅜.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

New York, December 15, 1868

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money in limited demand, with uniform rate at 7 per cent. Two banks sent $900,000 west yesterday. Discounts active, owing to enlarged transactions in produce. Paper at 7@9, prime names. Sterling Exchange more active, merchants now purchasing to make deferred payments in Europe; prime bankers, 9½@9⅝. Short Sight quiet at 10¼@10⅜. Gold market tame, but prices are steady, ranging between 135⅛@135⅜. The expectation of specie shipments next month counteracts the effect of expected anticipations of January interest payment of Treasury export to $85,225. Senator Morton's bill had no effect, Wall street having a very stubborn opinion that Congress can do nothing at present to remedy suspension. A report says the Sub Treasury is preparing to come to the rescue of the banks in case of stringency in the money market by cashing 3 per cent. certificates freely.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments are more active and higher offers to exchange 67s for new 65s notwithstanding a difference of ½ in the price. There were free bids for round lots of all sorts this afternoon at ⅛ under the regular price, seller at 30, and ¼@⅜ above it, buyer at 30 and 60 days. Coupons '81, 114⅝@114⅞; do. '62, 110¼@110⅝; do. '64, 107@107¼; do. '65, 107⅜@107⅝; do. new, 110@110¼; do. '67, 110¼@110⅝; do. '68, 110½@110⅝; 10-40s, 105⅜@105½; Pacific R. R. bonds, 99⅜@99½.

The stock market is dull without special features on sensations. Western shares were buoyant until the afternoon, Northwestern reaching 77¾ and preferred 79¾; St. Paul, 66¼@66½, and preferred 85¼; New York Central also advanced to 126¼. The market later became heavy and drooping and the advance was lost; closing dull but steady. State bonds are without important change. Miscellaneous and express shares dull.

FIVE-TWENTY PRICES:—Cumberland, 36¾@37; Wells Express, 25⅝@25¾; American, 42⅜@42¾; Adams, 47⅞@48½; United States, 45½; Merchants Union, 15¾@16; Quicksilver, 21¼@21¾; Canton, 47½@48; Pacific Mail, 111¾@112; W. U. Telegraph, 36½@36¾; Boston Water Power, 13½@14; Mariposa, 5@6; do preferred, 18¾@19¼; New York Central, 125¼@125⅝; Erie, 40@40¼; do preferred 58@60; Hudson 126¼@127; Reading, 96¼@97¼; Alton & Terre Haute, 36@39; do preferred 60¼@61; Toledo and Wabash, 55¼@55½; do. preferred, 69; St. Paul, 63⅝@65; do. preferred, 83⅜@83¾; Fort Wayne, 110¼@110¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 29¾@29⅞; Michigan Central, 118; Michigan Southern, 86¾@86¼; Illinois Central, 143@145; Pittsburgh, 83@83¼; Toledo, 101⅞@102; Rock Island, 107⅜@107¾; Northwestern, 76¼@76⅝; do. preferred, 78¼@78½; Lake Shore, 110½; Alton preferred, 139; Missouri sixes, 89½; Old Tennessee, 66; New do. 65@65¼; Old North Carolinas, 64@65; New do. 60@60½; Old Virginias, 55¼@56¼; new do. 56½@60.

Mining shares dull.

Mining stocks at Boston—Calumet, 50; Copper Falls, 15½; Franklin, 14½; Hecla, 70; Quincy, 20; Hancock, 3½; Minnesota, 2.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $945,961; Payments, $553,591. Balance, $91,920,262.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, December 15, 1868.

The general markets although steady with a fair local demand for most of the leading articles are nevertheless quiet, and the volume of business in the aggregate continues light. Grain is hardly as strong as it was a few days since, and there seems to be a growing impression, that prices are not likely to go much higher. Flour is quiet but steady with a fair consumptive demand and prices are well sustained. The receipts appear to be increasing slightly, and stocks of all kinds of produce are accumulating, though the demand, generally is pretty well up to the supply.

APPLE BUTTER—Is unchanged at 70 to 75 in kegs, and 80 to 85 in crocks.

APPLES—Firm and in good demand, and prices continue to tend upward. We now quote at $3,50 to $4,50 for fair to prime and $5 for choice.

BUTTER—Is in steady demand and firm and tending upward. Quotations may be fairly given at 40 to 45 for prime to choice Roll.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is in light supply, and prices are higher, 5 to 5¼ cents per pound.

BEANS—$3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

CHEESE—Continues very dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 15 to 20c, as to quality.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime to choice Eastern Cultivated at $23 to $25 per barrel.

DRIED FRUIT—Demand fair and market steady with sales of Peaches at 12 for quarters, and 14 to 15 for halves, and Apples at 9 to 11c.

HOMINY—Dull; $6,50 per bbl.

EGGS—Quoted at 30 to 32c for limed, and 34 to 35c for fresh packed.

POULTRY—Demand is rather better; sales of dressed Turkeys at 15 to 16c, and Chickens at 12 to 13c.

POTATOES—Sales of prime Peach Blows in store at 85 to 90c. Jersey Sweets, $6 per barrel.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat is scarce, and with a fair milling demand; prime Red may be quoted at $1,85. Sale of 1 car No. 1 Spring at $1,85. Rye is quoted at $1,45, buying—the last sale we had reported was at $1,50, and a round lot would still command that figure. Barley is scarce, but the demand is by no means pressing; sales No. 1 Spring at $1,95 to $2. Oats quiet and unchanged; 63c to 64c on track, and 65 to 66c in store. New Corn continues scarce and prices are higher, and we now quote at 80 to 85c. Old nominally unchanged—but little in market.

LARD—Is firm and scarce, and prices are fully maintained; prime kettle rendered at 16½c, in tierces, and 17½c, in kegs.

LARD OIL—We continue to quote No. 1 at $1,45, and No. 2 at $1,20.

MESS PORK—Quiet but firm; we continue to quote at $26 to $26,50.

SALT—Is firm but unchanged; Allegheny river brands quoted at $1,85 on track, and $2 in store.

FLOUR—Although quiet is firm, and Western Flours are quoted at quarter higher. Spring Wheat brands, $7,50 to $8,25, and Winter Wheat, $9,25 to $9,75. Rye Flour, $7,75 to $8. The Pearl Mill quote their brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,80 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Highwines are quoted at $1 to $1,05 per gallon.

FEATHERS—Sales to the trade at 75 to 80 for live geese, and 85 to 90 in a retail way.

PEANUTS—Quoted at $2.

ONIONS—Sales at $1,50 to $1,75 per bushel, as to quality.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK LETTER.

Winter and the Poor—The Shifts of Pererty—Theatrical Matters—Removal of the Broadway Bridge—Presidential Jee-millerisms.

(Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 12, 1868.

That winter is upon us in all its severity is a fact which, while it brings gratifying anticipations of revel and festival to New York upper-tendom, dawns unpleasantly upon the minds of that not less numerous class, the destitute poor. While summer clad them with its cheering warmth, and a plentous harvests diminished the cost of sustaining life, they managed to supply their necessities. But winter, in its relentless tyranny, begrudges them the means of satisfying nature's first craving, while they are subjected to its piercing blasts without adequate protection. The increased wants which the rigorous season brings upon the poor will not be lost sight of by the charitable and humane organizations, and the sympathies of private individuals may be profitably enlisted on that behalf. Many a yearning heart will be made glad by the annual dinner to the poor to be given under the auspices of Trinity Church on Christmas, and it is to be hoped that this beneficence will find many emulators among us who will both feed and clothe the needy; for nowhere as in this great city is there to be met so much shivering misery and hollow-eyed destitution. It cowers piteously, or glares abstractly, not only in its peculiar haunts, but on the great thoroughfares.

Poverty has its gradations, like ease and affluence. The legion who earn a precarious livelihood by peddling knick-knacks through the streets, whose shifts of fortune are as changeable as a March wind; the inevitable and everlasting proprietor or proprietress of the candy, apple and peanut-stand, whose eyes wander with conscious pride over the well-arranged display, and who awaits with Spartan patience amid storm and wind the coming of the pennies; these are comparatively poor. A grade a little lower is that of harpists and organ-grinders. It seems but idle philanthrophy to encourage this specie of begging, yet were the little pittance thus derived withheld, these stout torturers of music would inevitably starve from a constitutional lack of energy to work. Besides, the swarthy Italian has now a formidable rival respectably attired in government blue, minus a limb, who stations himself on a public corner and edifies passers-by the live-long day. There is nothing so well and effectually played upon now as human sympathy. Mendicants and professional beggers greet you upon every hand, and your heart is alternately stoned or softened with each fresh appeal to your pocket. Misery is brought to devise shifts in this city to invite the patronage which would otherwise never be obtained. The poor haggard woman who sits upon a door-step in Printing House Square, this cold, blustering night, with a baby encircled in one arm while with the other hand she thrusts the penny paper before you, and stops your progress by a plaintive appeal to buy, need not tell you she is poor; but here where the running and shouting news-boy is fast disposing of his stock; where the ruddy-faced news-girl, often barefoot, it is true, cries shrill and sharp her papers, there are many whose voices are faint from hunger and whose limbs are too weak to run hither and thither, who must fain stand like poor pleading statues with extended hands.

Amusement seekers will be entertained this season with Shakespearian theatricals. Already, within the last fortnight, Mrs. Scott Siddons has given us representations of three of Shakespeare's heroines in the New York theatre. As a reader she is possessed with considerable talent, if not genius, but her acting is indifferent. The public have been disappointed with her, simply because she was superpraised by the speculative manager, and she had the misfortune to be very shabbily supported. With careful study she may make a very prominent mark on the stage. She has a prepossessing, intelligent and handsome face, with good form and carriage. The leading attractions at Wallack's and Booth's (the latter theatre to open after the holidays) will be the plays of the great dramatist. This may indicate an improvement in the public taste, or at least a praiseworthy desire on the part of the managers to test the numerical strength of the lovers of the legitimate in this city. There are people who hint that Shakspearian revivals are not desirable. The fault is a grievous one, and belongs at the door of the managers who employ players to habitually torture the "divine William" by their unctuous mouthings of his fine sentences and their utter innocence of the spirit of the text. With a little pruning of long speeches and more real acting, Shakspeare's plays are capable of being made decidedly successful.

On Twenty-fourth street, a few doors westward from the junction of Broadway and Fifth avenue, on the site of the old Fifth-avenue Opera House, stands the almost completed structure to be known as Brougham's Theatre. It is not a large house, but is perfect in all its appointments, and the prestige of the talented founder, will go far to make it as popular as it will be cosy and congenial, as the home of innocent mirth and enjoyment.

The Loew bridge, which spans Broadway at Fulton street will soon have migrated to Central Park, its future destiny. A placard has been placed on the structure by some facetious individual in which the bridge is made to deplore its *low* condition, owing to hard *knocks*. It is certain that the famous hatter has had something to do in the matter, but the trespasser is not wholly blameless. The enterprising photographist, who, Gabriel-like, sounded his bugle for the assembling of motley groups, has lost his occupation, and his hazy pictures will have vanished into thin air with the last notes of his bugle.

The President, in his message, seems to have resorted to a sort of political hari-kari, as a sort of self-inflicting punishment for his transgressions. Out of his own mouth he stands convicted. An evening paper, in summing up his arithmetic, represents him as a practical joker, in estimating the expenses of the Government since the beginning of the war a few hundred millions a year greater than the "able and comprehensive report of the Secretary of the Treasury, to which he refers. He further funnily estimates the expenses of the military force at one hundred millions annually, when his own Secretary of War puts the average at sixty-one millions. Mr. J. astutely observes, further, that by making legal-tender and bank notes convertible into coin "or its equivalent," their present specie value in the hands of holders would be enhanced *one hundred per cent.* Another illustration of the illustrious A. J.'s ideas on per centage is given by his bold assertion that "the amount the Government obtained was in real money three or four hundred per cent. less than the obligations which it issued in return." One hundred per cent less than those obligations would be nothing. *Ex nihilo nihil fit.*

TUSCAN.

Steel—Its Improvement and New Uses.

The application of steel to many of the purposes for which iron has been and is now generally used, had been limited by the difficulty in producing steel in sufficiently large masses, at a comparatively low cost and free from flaws, with a perfect homogeneousness of material—this seemed to present an almost insuperable difficulty to its general employment. Cast steel made by cementation, while possessing superior hardness, lacked tenacity; if tough, it was soft; if hard, it was brittle. In 1851, however, Krupp, of Essen, Prussia, showed, in the London Exhibition, an ingot of cast steel weighing 4,500 pounds, the heaviest then known. In 1862, he exhibited another one weighing twenty tons, in the form of a solid cylinder, nine feet high and three feet eight inches in diameter. It had been broken across to show its fracture; under a good microscope it would not exhibit a single flaw. Since then he has repeatedly produced masses of forty tons weight.

There can be no reason, at this late day, and in view of the experiments made in England and on the continent, for doubting the superior durability, and the ultimate superior cheapness of steel rails and tires over those of iron. On our railroads it is theoretically correct to say that the weight of a load rests on a point; but it is not practically correct; there is compression; much of it in the road itself, or the rail, but some of it in the wheel or tire. Yet, notwithstanding that, it can be demonstrated that a perfectly rigid bed or roadway, and as rigid wheels, is the rule that is found by experience to be the best. Soon as a wheel or tire gets 'out of round,' it becomes, in operation, a hammer, destroying the rail. Mr. Bessemer, at a recent meeting of the British Association at Nottingham, gave an exceedingly elaborate and interesting account of his own system of manufacturing steel, and showed the vast importance that branch of industry had assumed since his patent came into working operation. By the old system, forty pounds of steel was the largest mass of metal operated upon; but by his process as much as twenty-five tons could be converted into steel in one heating. It had superceded iron wherever large castings were required, such as ordnance of large size, locomotive and marine engine-cranks, rails, etc. He mentioned, as showing the superior durability of steel rails over those of iron, that at the station at Camden Town, at a part of the line over which all the traffic passed, a steel rail was placed on one side of the line, and an iron rail on the other, and that seventeen faces of the iron were worn away, while the first face of the steel rail was still in working order. The first cost of steel rails was, of course, much greater than that of iron, but compensation was found for this in its great durability.—*Annual of Science.*

Resources of the South.

The wealthy iron men of Pennsylvania are finding in the hills of Shelby, Bibb and Talladega richer ores and finer metals than old Lehigh county itself ever possessed. Who would have dreamed, ten years ago, of a Pennsylvania iron maker coming to Alabama in search of iron ore? Who would have imagined, six months ago, that the unpretending village of Cross Plains would now be aspiring for the centre of a large German colony. Our people have scarcely yet waked up to the importance of the change going on. They don't realize that we are on a great highway. We have many things to learn. The Pennsylvanian will teach us the value of iron ores. The adventurer from Lowell will convince us that our beautiful mountain streams can turn spindles to profit. The lumberman from Maine will carve his fortune from our pine forests and show us the value of timber. The Tennesseean will teach us to grow clover, improve our lands and make corn. The Kentuckian will send us blooded horses, fine cattle and a few Chester pigs. Laboring men will seek our cheap lands.—*Alabama Paper.*

COUGHS, COUGHS, COLDS, COLDS,

When a per takes cold the lungs become charged with phlegm, which oppressing the constitution a natural effort is made for a relief. This effort is a cough. The only safe and prudent remedies to be adopted are those which assist nature in its work, by loosening the phlegm and exciting a freedom of expectoration until the evil is removed. DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP is admirably adapted to promote expectoration, ease the breathing, loosen the phlegm, abate the fever, and allay the tickling which occasions the cough, without tightening the chest, or in any way injuring the system, and for all temporary and local affections, such as irritation of the throat, hoarseness of the voice, influenza, &c., it is of incalculable value. Especially at this inclement season of the year it would be well for every family to have this valuable remedy at hand. Prepared by GEO. A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist, corner Wood street and Second avenue, Pittsburgh, and for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. 50 cents per bottle.

THE TRUE MEDICAL DOCTRINE.

Nature, when struggling with disease, indicates unmistakeably the kind of assistance she requires. In cases of nervous weakness and general debility, the feebled pulse, the lack-lustre eye, the attenuated frame, the flaccid muscles, the melancholy visage, informs us as plainly as if each organ had a tongue, that a *medicated stimulant is needed.* It does not require the aid of a medical education to understand this dumb appeal for new vigor, from an exhausted system. Every reader of these lines can comprehend it just as well as the graduate of a physician's college. Let not this demand of enfeebled nature be neglected. Respond to it promptly by commencing a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a preparation uniting, in their highest excellence, the properties of a STIMULANT, an INVIGORANT, and an ALTERATIVE. Before three days have elapsed from the taking of the first dose, a marked beneficial change will be manifest in the bodily and mental condition of the patient. The pulse will be stronger and more regular, the eye will begin to lose its dull expression, the muscular and nervous system to recover their tension, and the spirits to improve. Persevere, and a complete revivication of the depressed animal and mental powers is certain. In cases of dyspepsia and biliousness, the same salutary results will be obtained. The appetite will revive, the sallowness of the skin disappear, and all the distressing symptoms which accompany disorders of the stomach and liver, will rapidly subside. The cold of winter often intensifies these complaints by checking the perspiratory action, by which so much morbid matter is evaporated through the pores in milder weather, and therefore the BITTERS are especially useful to the dyspeptic and billious at this season.

A FACT OF GREAT VALUE.

No one can be too often impressed with the truth of all disorders which mankind are prone to, none are of more prevalence at this season of the year than those which manifest themselves in the lungs and pulmunary organs. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a speedy and infallible cure in all recent cases of coughs and lung diseases, and DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in cases of long standing and great obstinacy, will be found of inestimable value. There is scarcely a house or family in Pittsburgh that cannot testify to its merits, and instead of a person wasting time on other inert and inappropriate remedies, let them walk themselves to Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street, where they will find the right medicine adapted to their cure. The Doctor has a long experience in medicine, and in these lung cases, he has given signal proof of his great ability and thorough knowledge of all those diseases in which the lungs take a prominent par His residence in Pittsburgh is over twenty years, and the value of his remedies is extended wherever coughs are prevalent and lung diseases to be cured.

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November 26, 1868.

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Branch Office: PHILADELPHIA,

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Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT

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FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 30 ACRES, on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, 27 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a fine two-story brick house, with ten large rooms and hall. A large frame bank barn, with No. 1 stabling, and all other outbuildings in complete order. One of the best of orchards, of all kinds of fruit. The soil is rich a new bottom. This property adjoins the village of Eucma Vista, and has the advantage of churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., and will be sold at the low price of $15,000. The improvements alone are worth at least all that is asked for the property, to say nothing about the land, which is worth for garden purposes at least $10,000. For full particulars call at my office, or WILLIAM A. BELL, Esq., on the premises.

ALSO, A FARM OF 40 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, about 18 miles from the city. The improvements are a new stone dwelling, with eight rooms; a good barn and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low price. Call and secure yourself a good bargain.

ALSO, A FARM OF 120 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 17½ miles from the city, on the Connellsville Railroad, opposite Elrod's Station, within 20 minutes' walk of the Station. The improvements are a frame house containing four rooms and kitchen, with a good cellar underneath; very good barn and other outbuildings. A No. 1 orchard, containing about 200 fruit bearing trees, all in good condition. 90 acres cleared land, the residue in good timber, underlaid with 23 acres of coal.

ALSO, A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE adjoining the Borough of Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., containing 4 rooms and kitchen. Lot 60 feet front by 136 back to an alley. A good stable, wash house, bake-oven and other outbuildings. I am authorized to sell it at the low price of $1,800, on good terms.

ALSO, In the Borough of Elizabeth, a good two-story BRICK HOUSE, containing 4 rooms. Lot 120 feet square. Will be sold at the exceedingly low price of $3,500, on easy terms.

ALSO, My Farm, known by the name of "Willow Banks," situated on the Connellsville Railroad, 17 miles from the city, containing 79 ACRES, all in good condition. The improvements are a No. 1 brick house, two stories high, newly painted, containing six rooms, two halls running full length of the house. The house is situated on a beautiful knoll, is surrounded by fruit trees, shrubbery, vines and flowers, with a graded avenue running to the Yough. River. Also, a large frame bank barn, smoke house, wash house, coal house, bake-oven and other outbuildings, and a never-failing well of water. Two large orchards, containing from six to seven hundred fruit trees, nearly all in good bearing condition. This farm abounds in small fruits, viz: Currants, raspberries, gooseberries, and a fine large strawberry patch, which, in connexion with the richness of the soil and nearness to the city, makes it very desirable for gardening purposes. Very convenient to schools, churches, stores and blacksmith shop.

ALSO, A FARM OF 158 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 31 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the Connellsville Railroad, at Sutor Station. The improvements are a common log house, a good frame barn, with stabling for ten horses; a corn crib and wagon shed; good orchard of fruit trees; fencing very good. 120 acres cleared, the residue in heavy timber land. This farm is valuable—first, for its excellent soil; secondly, its timber; and thirdly, it contains more limestone than any other farm in Pennsylvania, all accessible. The lower vein of limestone is 40 feet thick; several other veins ranging from 3½ to 6 ft. in thickness, lie under the whole farm. For particulars enquire of ELI SUTER, Esq., at Sutor Station, on my office.

ALSO, 173 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard one hundred and twenty acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy, the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered, and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm.

ALSO, A beautifully situated tract of 60 ACRES of valuable land, under good fencing, situated in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., on a township road, 7 measured miles from the Market House, Allegheny City. This tract is well adapted for a farm or dairy farm, being conveniently and of easy access to either city, and near enough to the line of the Mahoning Railroad to make it very desirable for country seats, for persons doing business in the city.

ALSO, The best farm in Young township, Indiana county, Pa., 4 miles from Western Penna. R. R. at Livermore Station, containing 300 ACRES—225 acres cleared and under No. 1 fencing, as well as fine farming condition; the balance in good white oak timber. The improvements are 2 two-story frame houses, nearly new, of eight rooms each and finished basements and attics; a large bank barn 50 by 80 feet, a two-story spring house and other necessary outbuildings, all in good order; 5 acres of orchard of choice varieties of fruits; 4 feet vein of coal (now open,) underlying the whole tract, and limestone in abundance, with plenty of spring and never-failing water. Taken all to ther houses, fencing, soil, nice lying surface, public highway, churches, schools, mills, &c.,—I know of no more inviting and desirable tract of land in Western Pennsylvania.

ALSO, FARM AND MILLS. A small tract of 60 ACRES of very valuable land in Derry township Westmoreland county, Pa.; well fenced and in a high state of cultivation, with new frame dwelling, and other outbuildings; a new grist and saw mill complete, with two run of burrs, two bolting cloths, and all the needed fixtures, in good order, and a young orchard of choice fruits; lane is all underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now opened and worked, at the back of the mill, and limestone in abundance. Call soon and secure a good bargain.

ALSO, FARM OF 160 ACRES, situated immediately upon the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Blairsville Intersection, 54 miles east of the city. The improvements are a two-story stone house of 8 rooms, a No. 1 barn, 45 by 65 feet, the best of stabling and other outbuildings. The land lies well. Is well fenced, is in good farming order, and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

For further particulars enquire of

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1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
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4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
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House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
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2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
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Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
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2	Houses of	9	Rooms	in the 17th ward; rent		$300
3	do.	of 3	do.	do. 17th	do.	do. 144
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2	do.	of 6	do.	do. 8th	do.	do. 360
1	do.	of 6	do.	do. 8th	do.	do. 300
1	do.	of 9	do.	do. 2d	do.	do. 600
1	do.	of 3	do.	do. 6th	do.	do. 192
1	do.	of 5	do.	do. 6th	do.	do. 240
1	do.	of 4	do.	do. 17th	do.	do. 168
1	do.	of 7	do.	do. 2d	do.	
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The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental year

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A GOOD BRICK STORE-ROOM,

with dwelling on same lot, for sale on good terms. Also, a small lot of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. The location is first rate for a business of $10,000 to $15,000 a year; good Wheat country surrounding the village; good flouring mill in the village.

The above property is on the line of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad. For further information address NEWMAN & CO., New Richland, Logan county, Ohio. no30:n76 d&T

FOUR BRICK HOUSES AND LOT.

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By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County I will expose at public sale on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, December 16th, 1868, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., that COURT OF FOUR BRICK HOUSES, situate on WYLIE STREET, a few doors above Elm street, (entrance to Court from Wylie street. Lot 32 by 72 feet extending back to an alley, the property of the late William Montooth, deceased. Terms at day of sale.

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FOR SALE & TO LET.—Houses and lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire

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WEDNESDAY EVENING, December 16, 1868 will be presented the exquisite play of the

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In preparation a new play written expressly for MISS MITCHELL entitled LORLE.

MAGGIE MITCHELL Matinee on Saturday.

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The acknowledged QUEEN OF SONG, on her return from California by overland route, after a triumphant and unparalleled success full season of Operatic performances, will appear in this city in only ONE GRAND CONCERT,

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M'ME. PAREPA ROSA will be assisted by
MR. BROCKHOUSE BOWLER.....Tenor.
SIG. P. FERRANNI.....Baritone Brilliant.
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MR. J. LEVY.....

The greatest Cornet-a-Piston Player of the world, engaged at great expense expressly for Parepa

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Furs.—We call the attention of our readers to Mr. Louis Miller's card in to-day's, on the fifth page.

Street Cleaning.—Mr. Porter has made arrangements for cleaning, daily, all the streets laid with the Nicolson pavement.

Threatened.—Peter Sleiner, it is alleged, threatened to shoot Anna Zimmer and her family. Peter was committed to jail for trial.

The holidays are fast approaching now, and ladies wishing to know where to buy cheap goods, had better call at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street.

In Again.—Freddy Diehl is again in his old quarters—the county jail. It is a great pity that the county workhouse is not finished, to which such characters might be sent.

New Holiday Goods at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street. Watch Stands, Cigar Stands and Cases, Writing Desks, Necessaires, fancy Glove Boxes, full assortment of Lace Goods, etc.

Commendable.—The energy with which the work on the Montgomery avenue sewer, in Allegheny, has been carried on is commendable in the highest degree. It has already been completed as far as Federal street, but it will probably have to be stopped there until the winter is over.

Almost Completed,—But little work remains to be done on the Monongahela wharf improvements, between Grant and Smithfield streets, and if the present weather continues for a few days longer it is quite probable that the contractor will get the job entirely finished this season.

Disorderly Conduct. — John Hancock made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Thomas Devine with disorderly conduct. The parties are both hackmen, and it appears got into a quarrel, when Devine became too demonstrative. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Devine.

A Cold Bed.—A vagrant drunken fellow was picked up half frozen on the sidewalk fronting James T. Brady & Co.'s banking house, on Fourth avenue, last evening, where he had retired for the night, pillowing his head on the curbstone and resting his legs in the frozen gutter. He was entombed.

The Bevins-Hemmings Case.—We learn from the New York *Tribune* that George F. Hemmings, of the Bevins-Hemmings imbroglio, has been committed to jail for trial, charged with the larceny of a pair of diamond cluster ear rings valued at $400. He had a hearing Saturday morning before Justice Ledwith, at the Jefferson Market Police Court.

Thanks.—We are under special obligations to the proprietors of the *Chronicle* and to the gentlemanly pressman, Mr. Grayburn, for the loan of their press in working our edition this morning, our own machinery being deranged. Good neighbors cannot too highly be appreciated and the *Chronicle* gentlemen rank high as such with all the fraternity.

Disorderlies.—K. H. Kelley and James Canon were arrested yesterday by the Allegheny police for creating a row in Sipe's beer hall in the Third ward. They were fined ten dollars. Cannon paid the fine and Kelly was sent to jail in default.

Peter Shumbe, Peter Copperal and Jacob Shadrach were each fined five dollars and costs for acting in a disorderly manner in the Seventh ward.

Victimized.—James Spaulding was the victim of misplaced confidence and bad whisky, on Monday night, at a cost of $450. It appears he was on a "bender," and found his way into a saloon in the Diamond, where two men, under the pretense of taking care of him, took him out, stating that they would take him home. They had not proceeded far, however, until they relieved him of his watch and pocketbook containing $450.

A Bad Throw.—Walter McClintock made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging Andrew Hucklin and Louis Hutlebar with disorderly conduct. It appears that the accused were driving a lot of cattle up Fifth avenue, when one of them picked up a piece of coal and throwing it at the cattle missed his mark and struck a large plate glass in McClintock's store room window, completely demolishing it. They were arrested and held for a hearing.

Division No. 31.—Crystal Spring Division, No. 31, Sons of Temperance, has extended the privileges of all lady visitors and admitted them to full membership. Although this has been done in some of the Eastern Divisions and found to work much better than the old plan, Division No. 31 is the only Western Order which has adopted it. The meetings of No. 31 are now held in Mozart Hall, Seventh avenue, but after the first of January, 1869, they will be held in the hall corner of Diamond and Grant streets.

Wants a Home.—John Anderson, a boy about twelve years of age, was arrested on a charge of larceny yesterday on oath of John Gunther, before the Mayor. It appears that he took a watch valued at $35, and a velvet vest, the property of the prosecutor, from a steamboat at Brown's landing, on the Monongahela. When arrested he admitted the theft, and stated that he had no home and could get no work, and he stole the articles in order that he might be sent to the House of Refuge. He was committed to jail for trial.

Trouble Among the Coal Dealers.

Some time ago the City Councils instructed the Controller to notify dealers in coal to have all their merchandize which was disposed of in the city weighed on city scales, in accordance with the terms of an ordinance to that effect. Yesterday officer Hague made information before Alderman Humbert against a number of dealers who had refused to comply with the notification, and were continuing to weigh the article on their own scales. The accused were arrested and held for a hearing.

Infanticide.

Between nine and ten o'clock yesterday morning the dead body of a female infant was found in a privy on Spring alley, between Lumber and Allegheny streets, Twelfth ward. The little one had been choked to death by means of a stocking, which was wound tightly and knotted around its neck. From appearances, it was evident that the babe was not born in the outbuilding, which is used by the inmates of three or four houses. The supposition is that it was born in one of these houses, strangled, and thrown into the vault. Mr. Aiken, the undertaker, took charge of the body and had it conveyed to the Mayor's office, where Coroner Clawson will hold an inquest to-day.

Broke His Fiddle.

William P. Harriet was the fortunate possessor of a fiddle until within a few days ago, when it became broken, as he alleges, in the following manner: He was in attendance at a ball given at the "Continental" saloon one evening last week, and while perched upon the top of a barrel making melody for the merry dancers, a certain Thomas Steel stole up behind and knocked the aforesaid barrel from under him. Of course he fell down and alighted on the fiddle, which was unable to bear his weight, and was consequently completely demolished. William valued the instrument much above its real worth because it was a present from a deceased relative. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the practical joker by Alderman McMasters.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

District Court met at ten o'clock yesterday morning.

In the case of John Smith vs. Hillary Hemler, reported on trial yesterday, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $155.87. Notes of trial filed.

Before Judge Kirkpatrick.

The case of James W. Cochran vs. Owners of the steamer "Neville," reported on trial yesterday, was resumed before Judge Kirkpatrick. The testimony was concluded and the case argued to the jury by counsel.

The Court will charge the jury this morning.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

103. Jacob Kooher vs. Nicholas Knauer.
107. W. Weisenberger vs. J. McCune et al.
198. Hall, Patterson & Co. vs, George Johnston.
109. W. D. Williams vs. Reuben Bartley.
110. Same vs. Same.
111. Wm. Healey vs. Patrick Burke.
112. August Frecke vs. M. B. Hartzell.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

Court met at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, Judge Mellon on the bench,

The following business was transacted:

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.

On motion of John Mellon, Esq., S. A. McClung was duly qualified and admitted to practice in the several Courts of this county.

SELLING LIQUOR ON SUNDAY.

Dennis Ling, of the Third ward, Alleghenuy, plead *nolle contendere* to an indictment for selling liquor on Sunday. Sentence deferred.

NOT GUILTY.

John A. Drake, indicted for the larceny of a coat from Frank Penk, was placed upon trial. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.

Hugh McHugh was called up for a hearing for surety of the peace, on oath of John Hildebrand, and was held to bail in the sum of five hundred dollars to keep the peace.

PLEAD GUILTY.

David Morgan, *alias* Skipper Morgan, indicted for assault and battery, plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of six and one-fourth cents and the costs of prosecution.

LARCENY BY BAILEE.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. H. Switzer, indicted for larceny by bailee, Elizabeth Kohen prosecutrix. The prosecutrix alleged that she left a watch and chain in pawn with defendant, which he has disposed of and appropriated the proceeds to his own use. The jury found a verdict of not guilty.

LARCENY OF A COW.

Thos. McCleary, indicted for the larceny of a cow, in Allegheney, plead guilty and was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of two months in the county jail, and pay the costs of prosecution.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

D. C. Herbst, indicted for assault and battery, Ellen Martin prosecutrix, was next placed upon trial. The prosecutrix was employed at the Ordinary saloon, of which the defendant is proprietor. They quarrelled, and the prosecutrix was forcibly ejected. The jury found a verdict of not guilty and directed the prosecutrix to pay the costs.

GONE HOME.

Bridget McMorris, indicted for the larceny of a shawl from the county jail, Joseph Hartigan prosecutor, was placed on trial and found guilty. When called up for sentence she stated that she had spent most of her time in jail during the last year. She was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of two months in the county jail and pay costs of prosecution.

NOLLE CONTENDERE.

James Beck, indicted for assault and battery, plead *nolle contendere* Sentence deferred.

FEROCIOUS DOG.

Christopher Denny, indicted for keeping a ferocious dog, Anderson Donnelly, prosecutor, was next placed on trial. The defendant, it appeared, had killed the dog, and his skin was exhibited in Court as evidence of his death. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty and directed that each party pay one half of the costs.

The list having been disposed of Court adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

Com. vs. Alice Doran.
" " Hugh Ward.
" " John Hollinger.
" " Margaret Barrett.
" " William Foreman.
" " Francis Relley.
" " Wm. Schenck.
" " James Rumble.
" " Riley Johnson.
" " David Williams; two cases.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

Com. vs. Wm. Meninger and William Brown.
Com. vs. Anthony Green.
Com. vs. Rachel Kinney.
Com. vs. Mary Johnston.
Com. vs. Patrick Kernan.
Com. vs. Henry Thompson.
Com. vs. David Morgan alias Skipper Morgan.
Com. vs. Charles Smith,
Com. vs. Joseph G. Miller.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

Com. vs. Wm. Devine.
Com. vs. Eliza Humphries.
Com. vs. Margaret Stooker alias Sephia Zimmerman.
Com. vs. Ebenezer Williams.
Com. vs. Eliza Soles.
Com. vs. Thomas Campbell and John Russell.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

The Common Pleas Court met at the usual hour yesterday morning, Judge Sterrett presiding.

The case of Sawyer vs. McGinnis, previously reported, was resumed and was on trial at adjournment.

The jurors of the present panel, except those engaged in the case above referred to, were discharged, and a new panel will be called for Monday.

Car Wrecked.

Car No. 4 on the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway was badly wrecked yesterday morning and one of the horses killed by colliding with an iron wagon. The accident was a somewhat singular one. The first car left the station at six o'clock in the morning, as usual, and No. 4, which was to start in eight minutes afterwards, was standing on the track with the horses hitched to it ready to make the trip. The conductor and driver, it appears, were in the office warming themselves, preparatory to starting on the trip, and when the time for starting arrived the conductor went out to light his lamps but discovered that the car was gone. He and the driver started in pursuit but did not overtake the car until they arrived at the steep grade in South Pittsburgh, where they found the wreck. The horses had started on their "own hook," and kept on at a moderate speed until they came upon the grade. There was nobody to apply the brakes here, and they could not hold the car. Consequently they could not stop when an iron wagon got in the way. They collided with it, one of them was killed and the car was wrecked.

The choicest lines of holiday goods, suitable for present making, will be found at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. All the latest novelties in trimmings, notions and lace goods have just been opened.

Holtzheimer has fresh oysters constantly on hand at his popular, first class dining rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

Another Suicide—Mental Aberration the Cause—Shot Through the Heart.

Coroner Clawson yesterday morning held an inquest on the body of a man named Wesley Harmon, who committed suicide at his boarding house, No. 88 Beaver street, Allegheny, by shooting himself through the heart. The deceased, it seems, has been subject to attacks of temporary insanity, but until within a year past the attacks produced only a depression of spirits, and after a few days would almost entirely disappear. On Monday morning he complained of feeling unwell, and throughout the day kept his bed, his meals being sent to him. In the evening a physician was called in, who prescribed for him, but did not consider the sickness at all serious. Late in the evening, while conversing with his brother, he expressed a fear that he would not recover. When his brother left him, however, yesterday morning, he seemed to be in good spirits, and somewhat better than on the previous evening. Shortly after eight o'clock the inmates of the house heard the report of a pistol, but were not alarmed, supposing it to have been fired in the street. Soon after the report was heard, Miss Johnston, daughter of the proprietor of the boarding house, having occasion to enter the room of the deceased, was much startled to find him with his face to the wall and breathing heavily. She immediately called her father, who came at once. Upon going up to the bed, upon which the man lay, Mr. Johnston discovered blood on the bed clothes. Turning them down he discovered more blood and noticed that the night shirt worn by the deceased was considerably burned over the left breast. A further examination revealed the fact that the deceased had shot himself through the heart, the ball entering immediately above the left nipple and passing in a downward direction. Subsequently the pistol, a single barreled one and apparently new, was found amoug the bed clothes.

The victim was a single man, about thirty-seven years of age, and had been boarding with Mr. Johnston for five or six months. He was employed as a city letter carrier for more than two years, but resigned that position during a fit of despondency in April last, since when he has not been permanently employed. It is said that he attempted to commit suicide by taking laudanum while on a visit to Perrysville some time last summer, but the act was discovered in time to save his life. After the examination of several witnesses the Coroner's jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by suicide while laboring under temporary insanity.

The Reading Entertainments.

The Lecture Committee of the Mercantile Library Association acted wisely in changing the programme of their entertainments and securing Henry Nichols, the celebrated English Elocutionist and Reader. Coming, as these readings do, in the midst of what is called a lecture course, they serve to vary the exercises somewhat and break the monotony which cannot fail to attach itself to an unbroken series of lectures, however eminent the lecturers themselves may be. And then, beside, readings, when the pieces selected are of a standard character, and the reader one who understands his business, are equally as instructive and interesting as any other class of literary entertainments. Both of these requisites are embraced in the performance of Mr. Nichols, if we may judge from his reputation and the selections which he has made. From the programme before us we notice that "The Fall of Wolsey," "Nothing to Wear," "The Charge of the Light Brigade," "The Bells," "Sammy Weller's Valentine," and a number of others, from such authors as Shakspeare, Dickens, Poe, Tennyson, Hood, Wilkie Collins, &c., &c., are down for Thursday evening. Friday evening's programme is equally as select and varied. Entertainments which promise so much should, and undoubtedly will, attract large audiences. Reserved seats may be secured at the Academy of Music on Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

A Pittsburgher in Trouble.

We clip the following from the local columns of the New York *Tribune*: On Saturday night Justice Quaife, of Jersey City, issued a warrant for the arrest of William P. Reynolds, a resident of Pennsylvania, who, it is alleged, on the 15th of August last, defrauded William Collier, of New York, by false representations, to the to the amount of eight hundred dollars. From the alleged facts in the case, as stated by the complainant, it appears that Reynolds purchased scrap iron of Collier to the amount of $1,808, paying on the account $1,000, and promising to pay the balance in a stated time. This promise not being kept, his father, to whom the iron had been shipped, at Pittsburgh, Pa., was applied to, but replied that he had never received but $1,000 worth of iron, for which he had paid through his son. The warrant was then issued, and Reynolds, who was found in Jersey City, was arrested by Detective Nugent. Reynolds was brought before Justice Quaife, yesterday, and held to appear for trial at the January term of Court.

New Bank Organized.

A number of Allegheny merchants and and others doing business in the lower part of Federal street and vicinity met at Excelsior Hall, last evening, and organized a new banking institution under the style of the "Peoples Savings Bank of Allegheny," by the election of the following gentlemen as Directors:

Messrs. S. H. Hartman, Samuel Dyer, Jr., J. P. Henderson, R. B. McGraw, J. C. Patterson, J. Kohen, W. H. Burt, B. F. Brown, W. G. Gibson.

The capital stock has been fixed at fifty thousand dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each. It is proposed to secure the building located at No. 65 Federal street, and open the bank for business at the earliest possible moment. The business men in the locality named have long felt the need of such an institution in their midst, and the new organization starting in with their patronage has certainly very flattering hopes of success.

The Lecture Last Night.

The first appearance of our talented young townsman and journalist, Mr. Wm. C. Smythe, as a lecturer, drew together at the Academy last night an audience conspicuous for learning, intelligence and refinement. The lecturer, in his matter and style of delivery, surpassed the highest expectations of the ardent admirers who prevailed upon him to enter the lecture field. He was entertaining and instructive and at times truly eloquent. His perfect composure, graceful elocution, sharp powers of delineation and admirable composition combined to render his lecture one of the most charming we have heard during the season. Altogether, the literary entertainment was creditable in the highest sense of the word to the lecturer, and, wherever repeated, should draw a crowded audience. In entering on his new profession we can safely predict for Mr. Smythe a brilliant and successful future.

Stock Sales, Tuesday evening, December 15th, on the second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Pittsburgh Gas Company	$94,50
Pittsburgh Gas Company	94,25
Pittsburgh Gas Company	94,00
Pittsburgh Gas Company	93,50
Pittsburgh Gas Company	93,00
Pittsburgh Gas Company	91,00
Iron City National Bank	93.25
Allegheny Insurance Co.	26,00
Western Union Telegraph Co.	35,75
Columbia Oil Company	16,75
Columbia Oil Company	16,50
Columbia Oil Company	16,25

A Leading Feature in Business Management—A Leading House Adopts the Gazette as a Circulating Medium for its Market Reports.

There are few produce commission houses in this city that hold so large a measure of confidence and respect as the old and firmly established firm of Messrs. Voight, Mahood & Co., whose extensive sales and storage rooms are located at No. 257 Liberty street. Through a long and prosperous term of years this establishment has assumed vast proportions and, while leading in the specialty of produce commission, has won the utmost credit and distinction from fair and honorable dealing and correct business practices. They make it a cardinal rule, from which there is never any deviation, to realize on consignments the fair value of the produce directed towards them for sale, and to make accurate and prompt returns of the proceeds to the consignor. The firm, aside from their regular trade, devote much care and attention to answering intelligently all inquiries addressed to them regarding the ruling prices, the market prospects and other information of kindred character, at times so valuable to the farmer and producer. Of course imparting this information is a pleasure to the firm and entails no cost on the inquiring correspondents. In order better to meet the demand for this market quotations, the firm have adopted the GAZETTE as their medium of circulation, and propose from time to time to furnish their quotations in our columns, commencing to-day, as will be observed elsewhere. They secure a large extra edition of each issue of our journal containing their price-current and send them broadcast to all their shippers and consignors. This, they believe, will insure greater satisfaction to their correspondents than would circulars, as they not only receive the reports, but are likewise furnished with a live, readable newspaper, whose other market reports are deemed standard authority in this neighborhood. The idea is a good one and reflects credit to the enterprise of Messrs. Voight, Mahood & Co., and besides gives all our advertisers the advantage of a decided increase in the circulation of the GAZETTE into quarters perhaps never before reached.

The price-current can always be relied upon as strictly accurate, being compiled with great care from actual business transactions. In conclusion, we commend Messrs. V. M. & Co. to our readers as eminently worthy their confidence, and bespeak for them an increase of the already very large patronage directed towards them.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Maggie Mitchell, now playing an engagement at the Opera House, is, beyond question, one of the most talented actresses in her line of characters now gracing the profession. She has a vein of original wit and humor, and a faculty of throwing it into the character which, no matter how often the audience have heard the piece, enables them to find something fresh and new in it. Her versatility is really surprising, and we believe unequalled by any other lady in the profession. In "Fanchon the Cricket" she excels all others who have yet attempted to play it, to the same extent that Edwin Booth and Edwin Forrest excel the ordinary tragedians. The audience lose sight of everything in the piece save "Cricket," and the actress herself seems to lose her identity in the character she is representing. The piece was presented last evening better than it has ever before been presented to a Pittsburgh audience. Mr. Collier, who travels with Miss Mitchell, is an excellent "Landry." Mr. Vandeeren, as "Father Barbeau," is unexceptionable, as is, also, Mrs. Vandeeren as "Fadet." The remaining characters were all equally well sustained. To-night the "Pearl of Savoy" will be presented, with Miss Mitchell as Marie, assisted by Mr. Collier as Pierrot. The audience last night was an exceedingly large and fashionable one, and will, doubtless, be equally as large and select this evening.

"THE DRUMMER BOY OF SHILOH."—This grand military allegory is soon to be given here. Wherever it has been produced it has met with the greatest success, and we predict for it no less here. It is an allegory, written by Mr. Muscroft for the benefit of the Relief Fund of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is produced only under the auspices of the various Posts of that order. The members of the order here, assisted by a corps of accomplished young ladies, are now rehearsing the piece, under the supervision of Mr. Muscroft. Next week will see its production at the Academy of Music, and everybody is on the *qui vive*. The rehearsal will take place to-night at the Soldiers' League Hall, Lacock, street, Allegheny.

PAREPA ROSA CONCERT.—Nearly every available seat in the Academy has been taken for the musical entertainment to be offered at the Academy of Music to-night by Madame Parepa Rosa, Mons. Levy and Messrs. Rosa and Colby. The occasion will doubtless prove one of the grandest musical ovations ever held in the city. There remain many available seats unsold in the upper tiers, equally desirable as those in the dress circle and parquette.

Union Skating Park.

The Union Skating Park, which has been thrown open for the season, is at present covered with a clear, smooth glassy surface, and in splendid condition for the enjoyment of lovers of the skatorial art. The ice was crowded last evening, and the sounds of many laughter, ringing steel, and inspiring music were wafted from it on every breeze. The ice will be planed off this morning and this afternoon the Park will again be thrown open to visitors. A brass band has been engaged for every afternoon and evening during this week, and a rare carnival of fun may be anticipated. The Park is easily reached from this side by means of the Manchester street cars.

"Let There be Light."

This order was issued before coal oil and gas came into general use as illuminators, it is true, but it has not yet been countermanded, and we would advise all those who wish to obey it or aid in having it carried out to go to Weldon & Kelly's, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, where a large and excellent assortment of magnificent chandeliers for oil lamps and gas, as well as a complete stock of gas fixtures will always be found. These gentlemen are practical plumbers and gas fitters, and will attend to any work of that character which may be entrusted to them with promptness.

Alleged Robbery.

Henry Shook, a saloon keeper in East Liberty, made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging Jacob Raffin with highway robbery. Raffin is a butcher, and it appears had some time since made information charging Shook with selling liquor on Sunday, and on Saturday night he went into the saloon to get a drink, when a quarrel ensued between him and the proprietor. They finally got into a fight, when, as the prosecutor alleges, Raffin hauled him out of the house and after beating him, took two dollars and five cents from his pocket. Raffin was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Go to Holtzheimer's for a tip top dinner, superior to those furnished at the leading hotels. Meals are served up at all hours at the ever popular and leading Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

Gothic and Plain Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe and Tile, at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Latest Price Current of the Popular Wholesale and Retail House of William Fleming, No. 139 Wood Street.

Mr. William Fleming, 139 Wood street, the extensive fur dealer, kindly supplies the following latest quotations for furs, which will prove interesting to all readers:

French Coney Sets for			$ 5,00	worth $	7,00
Water Mink	"	"	7,00	"	9,00
" "	"	"	10,00	"	13,00
American Fitch	"	"	7,00	"	9,00
German Fitch	"	"	18,00	"	24,00
" "	"	"	25,00	"	20,00
" "	"	"	40,00	"	50,00
Siberian Squir'l	"	"	9,50	"	12,00
" "	"	"	12,00	"	15,00
" "	"	"	16,00	"	20,00
" "	"	"	25,00	"	30,00
Children's sets		"	4,50	"	6,00
Mink Sable	"	"	30,00	"	39,00
" "	"	"	40,00	"	50,00
" "	"	"	50,00	"	60,00
" "	"	"	75,00	"	90,00
" "	"	"	100,00	"	125,00
" "	"	"	150,00	"	200,00
Two striped Mink Muffs,			16,00	"	20,00
Three "	"	"	20,00	"	25,00
Four "	"	"	28,00	"	35,00
Men's Beaver Collars,			5,50	"	7,00
" "	"		6,50	"	9,00
" "	Gloves,		6,50	"	9,00
" "	Caps,		4,50	"	6,00
" Otter	"		6,00	"	9,00
" "	"		8,00	"	11,00

All new styles of Hats and Caps received daily at Fleming's, 139 Wood street.

Reduced Empress Cloths, 75c, worth $1. BATES & BELL.

Notice.

The Allegheny readers of the GAZETTE living on the east side of Federal street, who may want to change their residence, or to see me on any business, can do so by calling at 150 Jackson street, or a note left at the Columbia Engine House or GAZETTE Counting Room will reach me. Any person wishing the GAZETTE or who may have any complaints to make, will please leave a note as above and it will be promptly attended to. WILLIAM ERB, Carrier.

Remnants of Dress Goods,
Linen Damasks,
Cassimers,
Cloaking Cloths,
Flannels,
BATES & BELL.

Fine Dry Goods of every description. BATES & BELL.

Guava, Plum, Raspberry, Peach, Strawberry, Orange, Quince, Blackberry, Pineapple, Apple, Black and Red Currant, Lemon and Vanilla Jellies; Tomato, Walnut and Mushroom Catsups; Worcestershire, London Club and Bengal Sauces. Anchovies, Shrimps and Bengal Chutney; Stuffed Mangoes, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Canned Peaches, Pine-apples, Plums, Cherries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Asparagus, Green Corn, Tomatoes, Lima Beans, Green Peas, New Prunellos, Crown Layer Raisins, Turkey Prunes, Citron, Fine Olive Oil, Spanish and Queen Olives, all kinds of Candies and Fruits, &c., &c., at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. GEO. BEAVEN.

Furs—At all prices and sizes. BATES & BELL.

A Correction.

We have been visited by a number of persons who travel on the railroads, relative to an article writted some days ago, in which we stated that a trunk had been carelessly thrown from the car, bursting it and scattering the contents over the platform. They all are of the opinion that there is some mistake in the matter, and give as the reason that lady travellers invariably purchase their trunks from Joseph Liebler, 104 Wood street, and that they are too substantial to be broken in that way. Everybody should have one of Liebler's trunks.

Two cases Dress Goods at uncommonly low prices. BATES & BELL.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Cloaks and Cloaking Cloths.—See our new stock. BATES & BELL.

Diamond Front.—It is a well known fact that the grocery and provision establishment of Henderson George, late McBride & George, 164 Federal street, is the "original" Diamond Front, and it is an equally well known fact that at no establishment either in this city or Allegheny, can a better stock of groceries be found. Mr. George is a practical and experienced business man, and is always attentive to the wants of his customers.

Our stock of Silks for Evening and Promenade Wear. BATES & BELL.

Open Till 9 O'clock P. M.—To accomodate our customers and others who may wish to spend the evening selecting articles for Holiday Gifts, we have concluded to keep our store open every evening till nine o'clock, commencing on Saturday, December 12th, and continuing till Christmas Eve.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth avenue.

Broche Shawls.—An unusually attractive stock. BATES & BELL.

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OF A

DEAF AND DUMB GIRL,

An Inmate of the German Orphan Asylum of Troy Hill.

STATEMENT OF OFFICERS OF THAT INSTITUTE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,

PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 13, 1868.

Personally appeared before me, Horace S. Snowden, a Public Notary, in and for Allegheny county, Pa., Peter Gelchsheimer, President, and Nicholas Schneider, Vice President, J. Weister, Treasurer, Jacob Dietz, Secretary, and Joseph Lang, a Committee of the German Orphan Asylum, each of whom being by me duly sworn according to law, deposed and said that Josephine Reichard, aged fifteen, an inmate in the German Orphan Asylum, Troy Hill, had been deaf and dumb from her infancy. She has lately been operated upon by Dr. Lighthill, **296** Penn street, for the cure of her deafness, which resulted in marked success. She can now hear and distinguish the human voice sufficiently to imitate it, and consequently she speaks already a few words and is daily improving both in hearing and speech. She is still under the Doctor's care, who hopes to accomplish a complete cure in time.

PETER GELCHSHEIMER, President.
NICHOLAS SCHNEIDER, Vice President.
JACOB DIETZ, Treasurer.
J. WEISTER, Secretary.
JOSEPH LANG, Committee.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 12th day of October, 1868.

[L. S.] HORACE S. SNOWDEN,
Notary Public.

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By giving this publicity you will benefit others similarly affected and oblige me. Yours truly,

JAMES SOMMERVILLE.
Brookville, Jefferson county.

I have known Mr. James Sommerville, from Brookville, Jefferson county, for many years, and can testify to his statement as one of truth and veracity.

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